

Spectral Compression by All-Fiber, Classic, and Similaritonic Techniques

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ԵՐԵՎԱՆԻ ՊԵՏԱԿԱՆ ՀԱՍՏԱԼՄԱՐԱՆ
ՖԻԶԻԿԱՅԻ ՖԱԿՈՒԼՏԵՏ
ՕՊՏԻԿԱՅԻ ԱՄԲԻՈՆ
ՄԱԳԻՍՏՐՈՍԱԿԱՆ ԹԵԶ

**Ֆեմտովայրկյանային իմպուլսների սպեկտրալ սեղմումը
դասական, ամբողջովին լուսատարային և
սիմիլարիտոնային մեթոդներով**

Ուսանող՝ Հրաչ Տոնեյան
Ղեկավար՝ Լ. Խ. Մուրադյան

8x, 12x, and 23x Spectral Compression by All-Fiber, Classic, and Similaritonic Techniques

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*International Symposium on OPTICS
and its applications*

1-5 September, 2014, Yerevan – Ashtarak, Armenia

Spectral Compression of Femtosecond Pulses: Classic, All-Fiber, and Similaritonic Techniques

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Applications

L. Kh. Mouradian, et al
“Spectro-temporal imaging of femtosecond events,”
IEEE J. Quantum Electron. **36**, 795–801 (2000).

S. W. Clark, et al
“Fiber delivery of femtosecond pulses from a Ti:sapphire laser,” Opt. Lett. **26**, 1320–1322 (2001).

A.F. Pegoraro, A. Ridsdale,
D.J. Moffatt, Y. Jia, J.P.
Pezacki, and A. Stolow,
“Optimally chirped multimodal CARS microscopy based on a single Ti:sapphire oscillator,”
Opt. Express 17, 2984-2996 (2009).

- spectral imaging of the pulse temporal profile
- femtosecond pulse undistorted delivery
- similariton fiber lasers
- nonlinear vibrational microscopy (CARS)

T. Mansuryan, et al
“Parabolic temporal lensing and spectrotemporal imaging: a femtosecond optical oscilloscope,”
J. Opt. Soc. Am. B **25**, A101–A110 (2008).

S.Boscolo, et al
“Amplifier similariton fiber laser with nonlinear spectral compression,” Opt. Lett. **37**, 4531-4533 (2012).

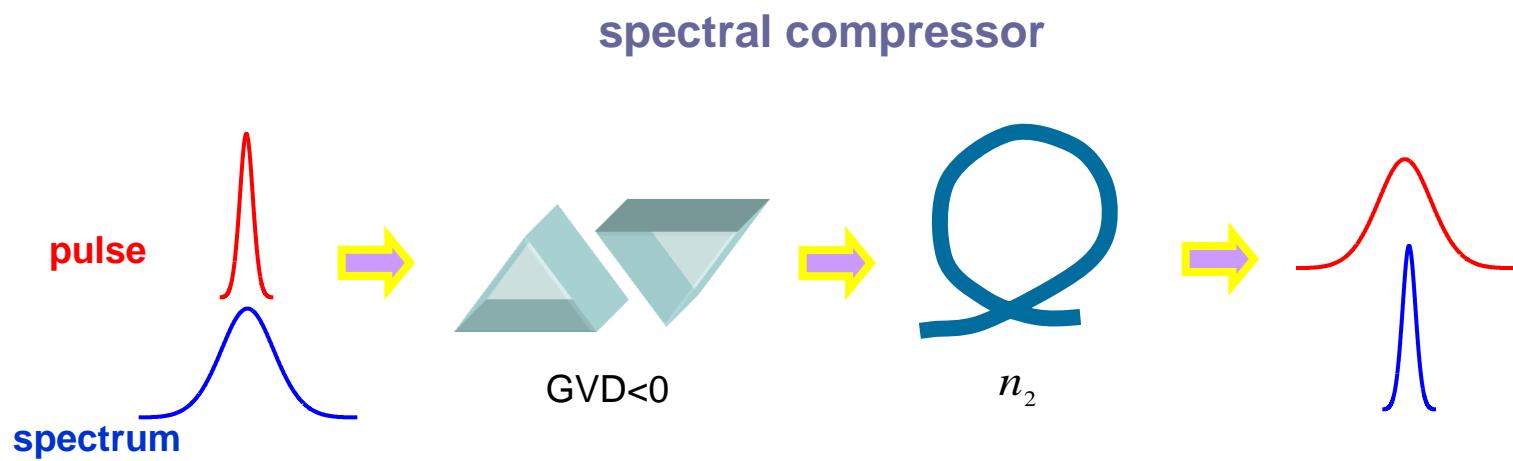
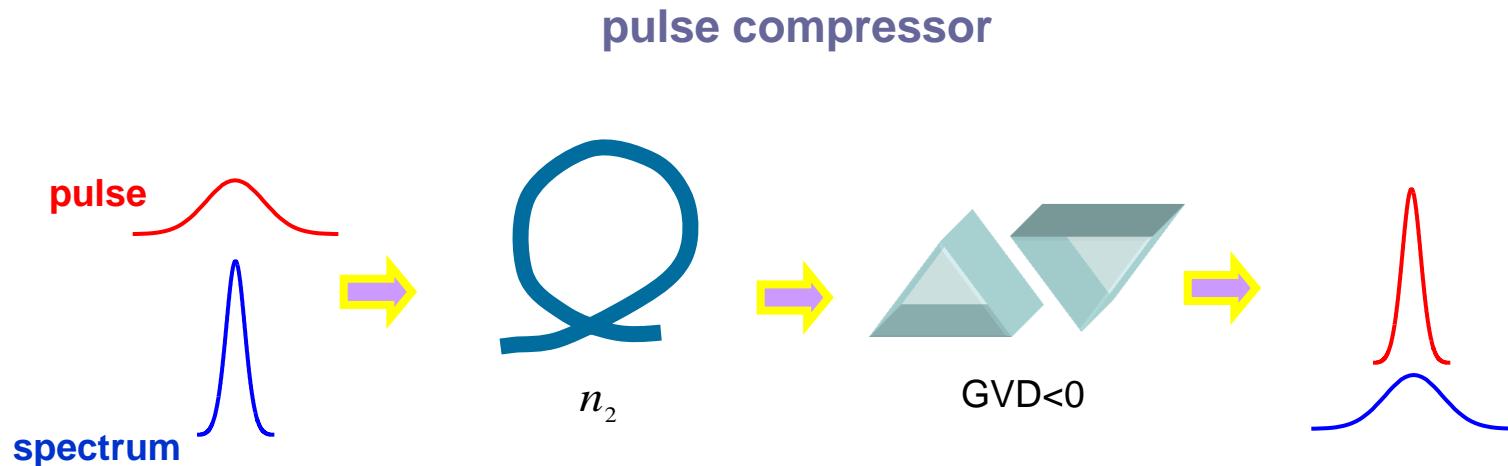
Recent results

- 8.7x transform-limited SC through the shaping of negatively chirped parabolic pulses
- 12x compression ratio in an all-fiber configuration for telecommunication wavelengths

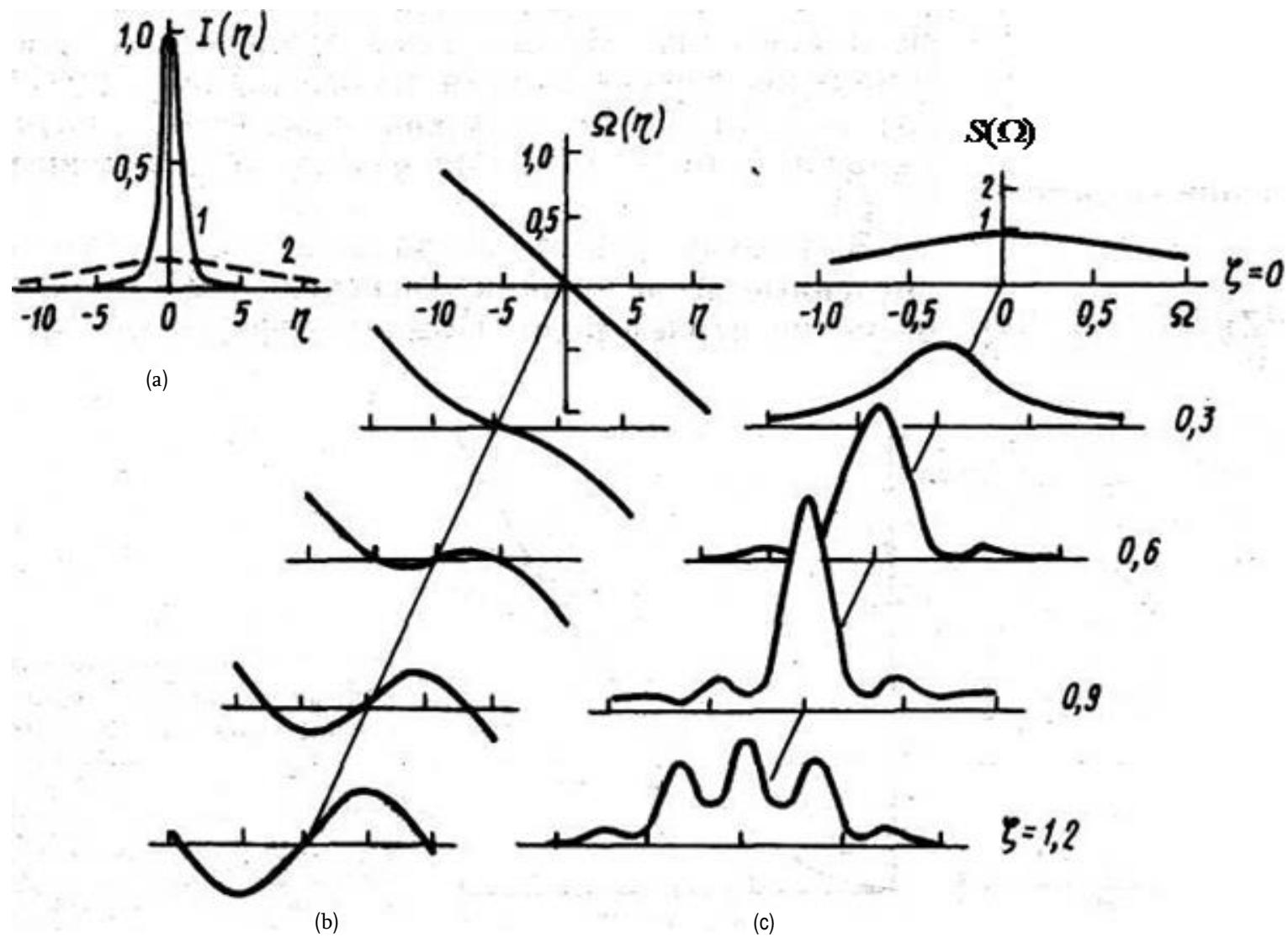
E. R. Andresen, et al
“Transform-limited spectral compression by self-phase modulation of amplitude-shaped pulses with negative chirp,” Opt. Lett. **36**, 707–709 (2011).

J. Fatome, et al
“All-fiber spectral compression of picosecond pulses at telecommunication wavelength enhanced by amplitude shaping,” Appl. Opt. **51**, 4547–4553 (2012).

Spectral compressor

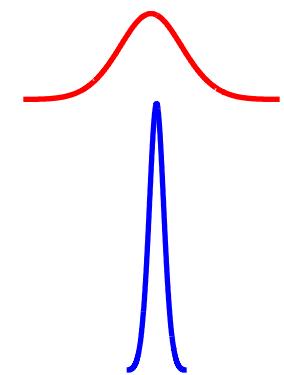
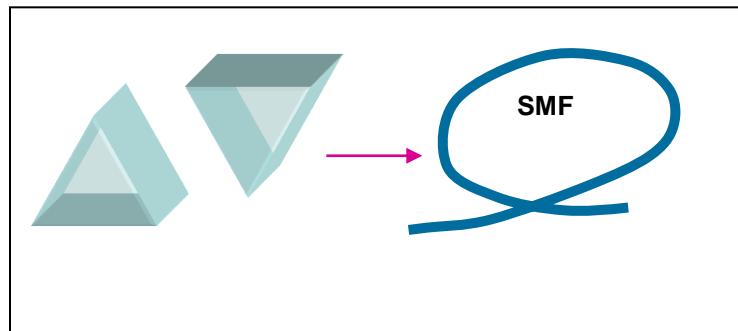
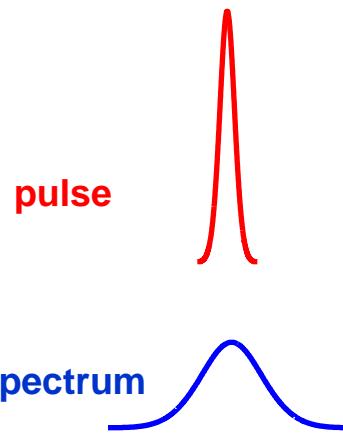


Physical pattern of the process

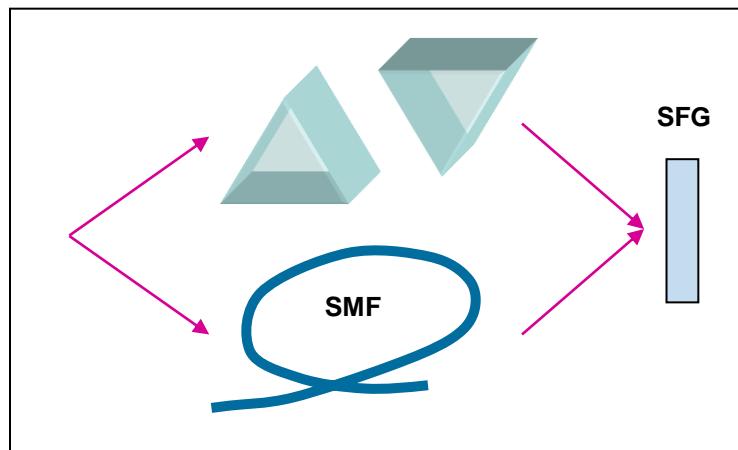


Research objectives

Classic scheme

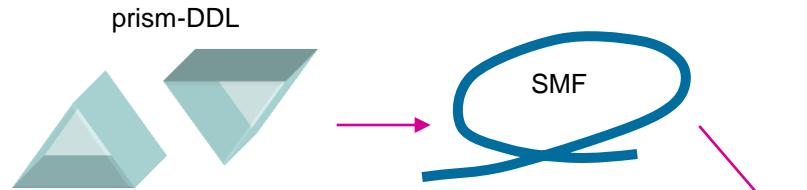


Parallel scheme

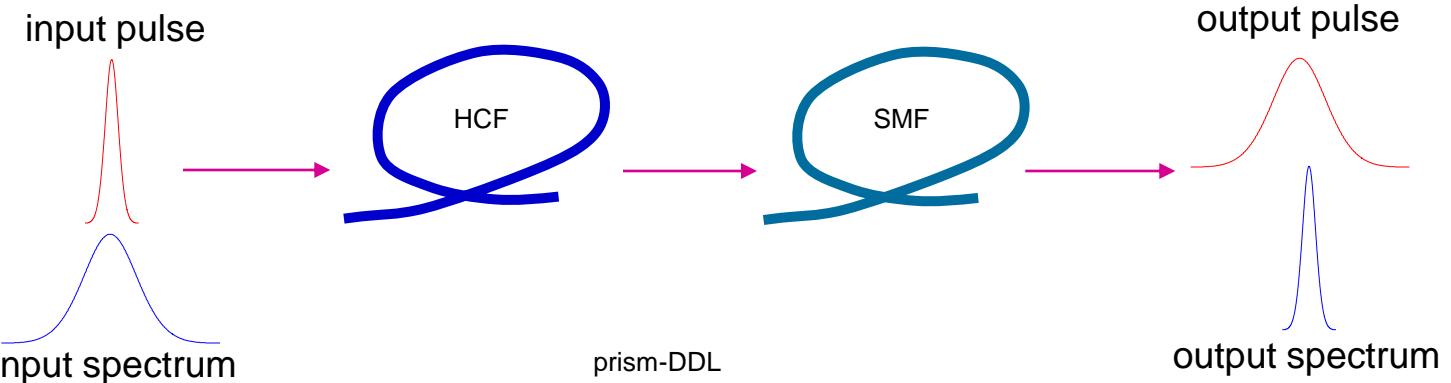


Research subjects

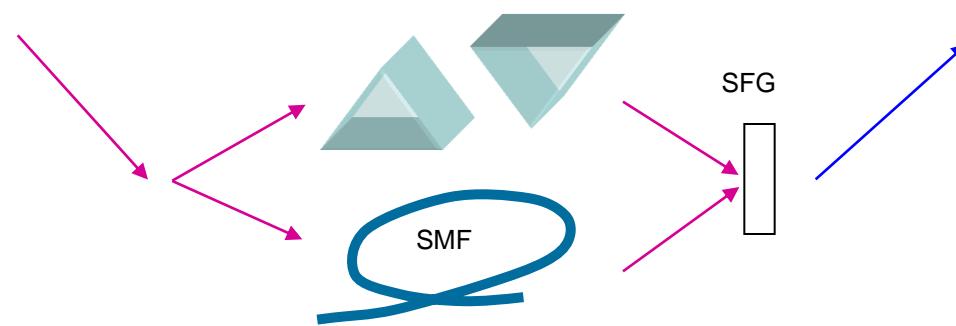
SC by classic technique



all-fiber SC

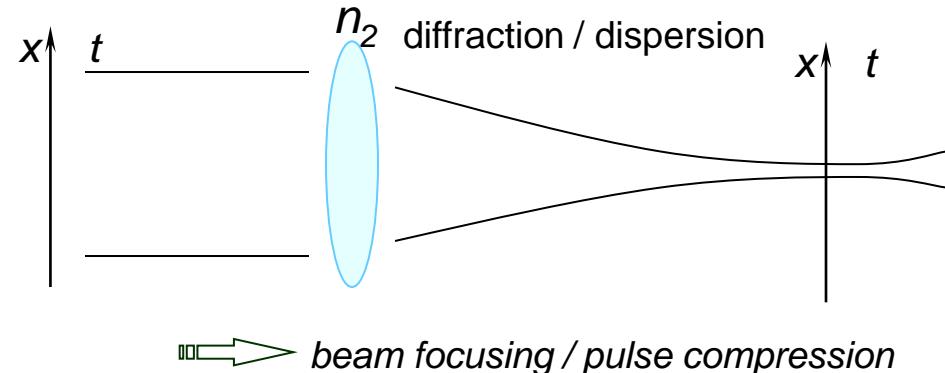


SC by the SFG
similaritonic
technique

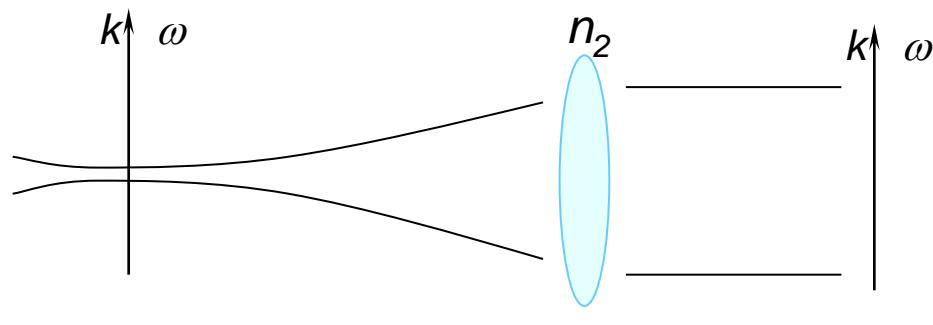


Concept

spatio-temporal analogy:



spectral domain (k/ω):



beam collimation / spectral compression

Spectral compressor is a temporal Kerr-lens, which “collimates” the radiation in time, and “focuses” the spectrum.



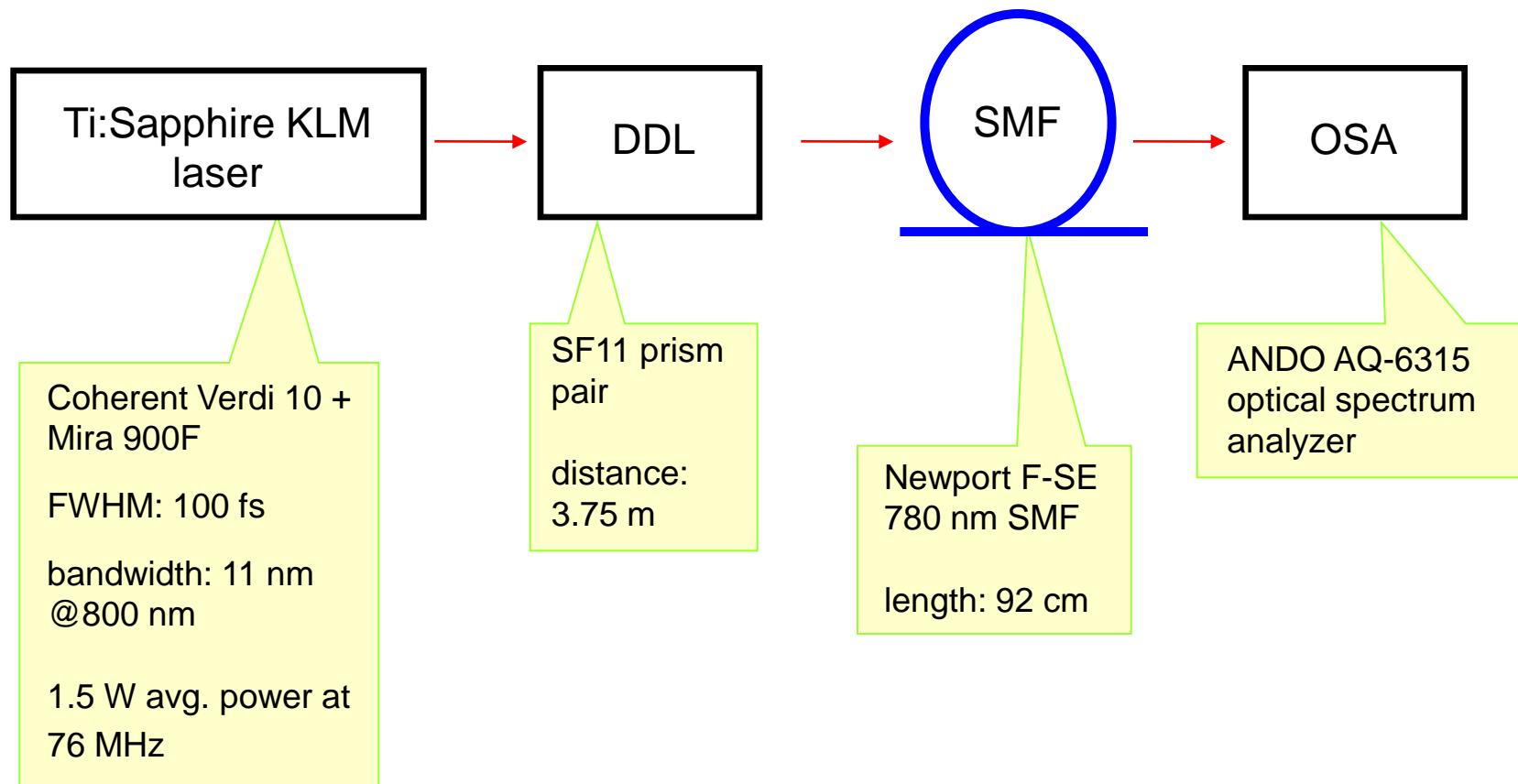
Aberrations of temporal Kerr lens



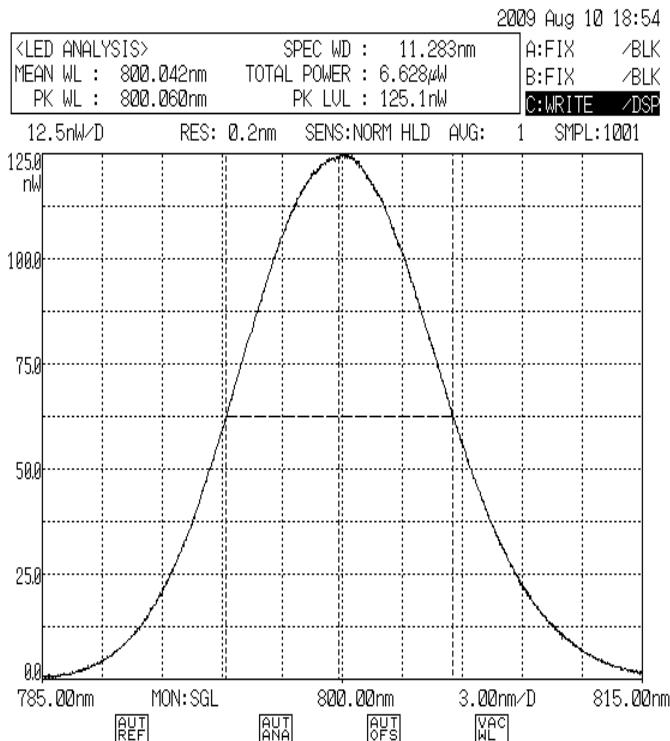
NL Schrödinger equation:

$$i \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial \zeta} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial \eta^2} + R |\psi|^2 \psi$$
$$- R \mu_r \psi \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} |\psi|^2 + i \frac{\mu_{TOD}}{6} \frac{\partial^3 \psi}{\partial \eta^3} - i \mu_{sh} R \frac{\partial}{\partial \eta} (|\psi|^2 \psi)$$

Experimental setup of classic technique of SC

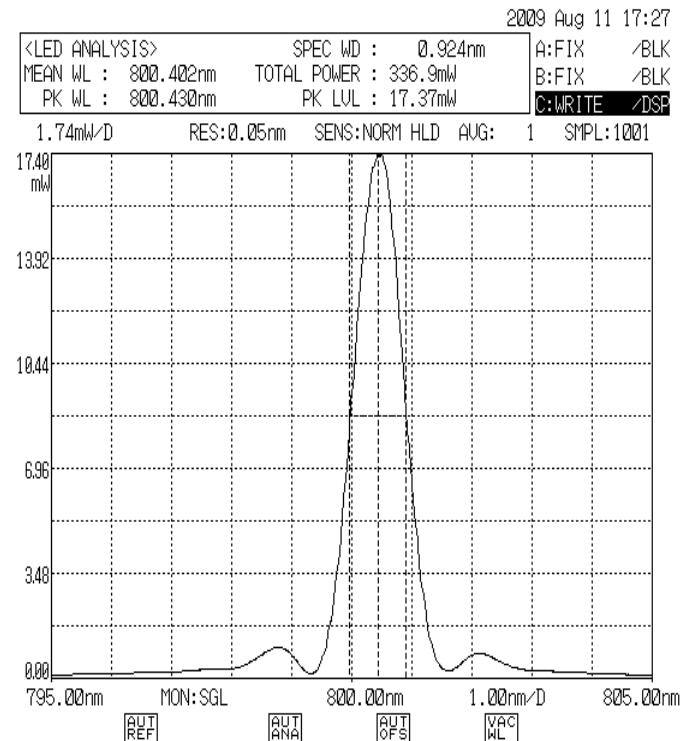


Classic SC



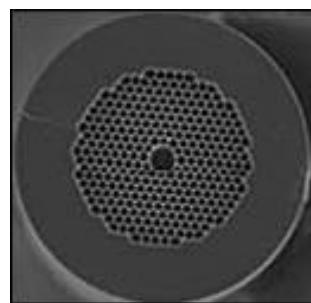
11.3 nm spectrum

12x SC

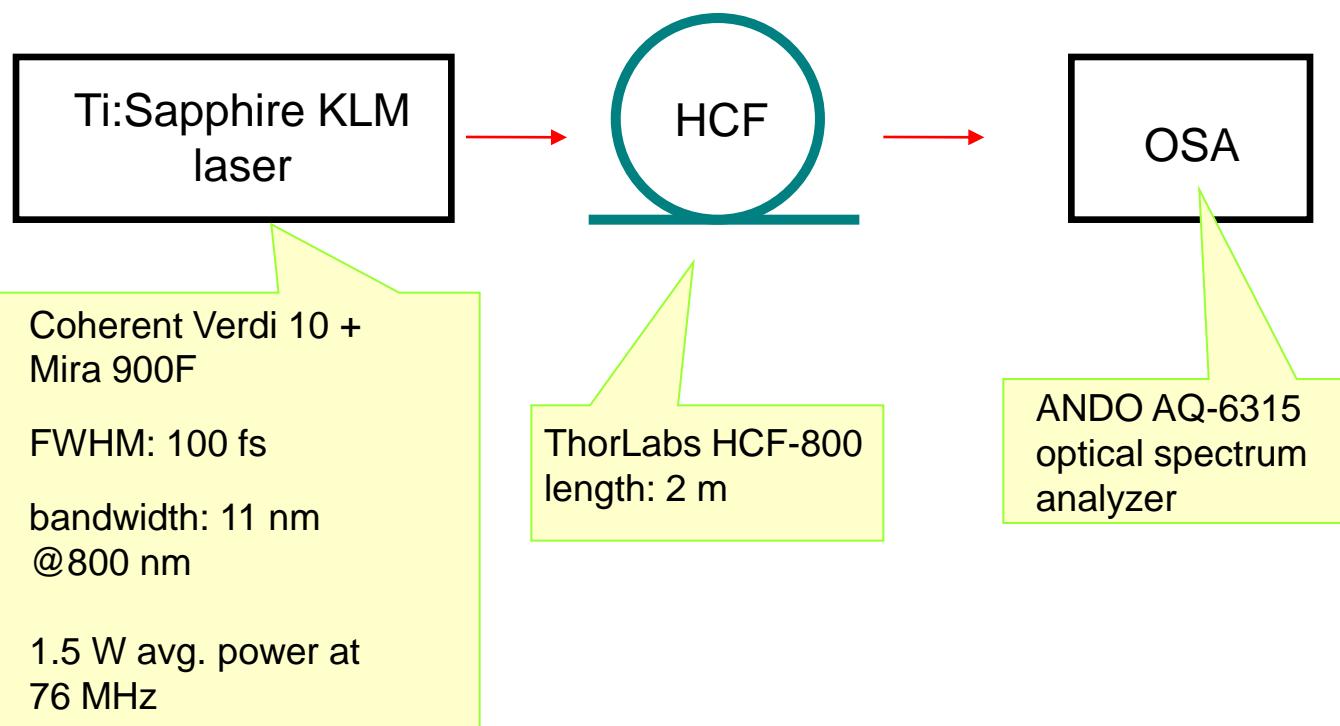
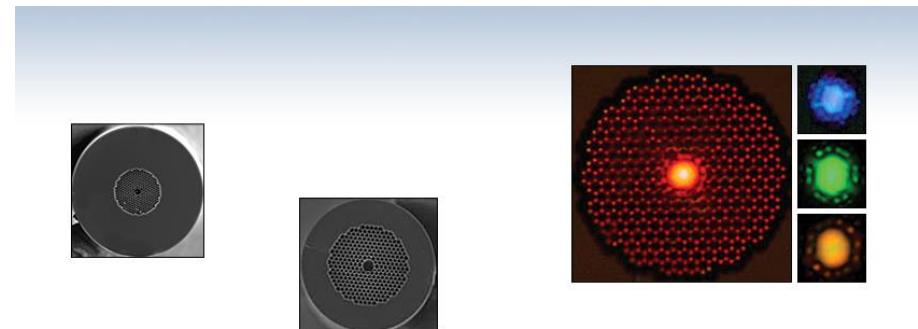


0.92 nm spectrum

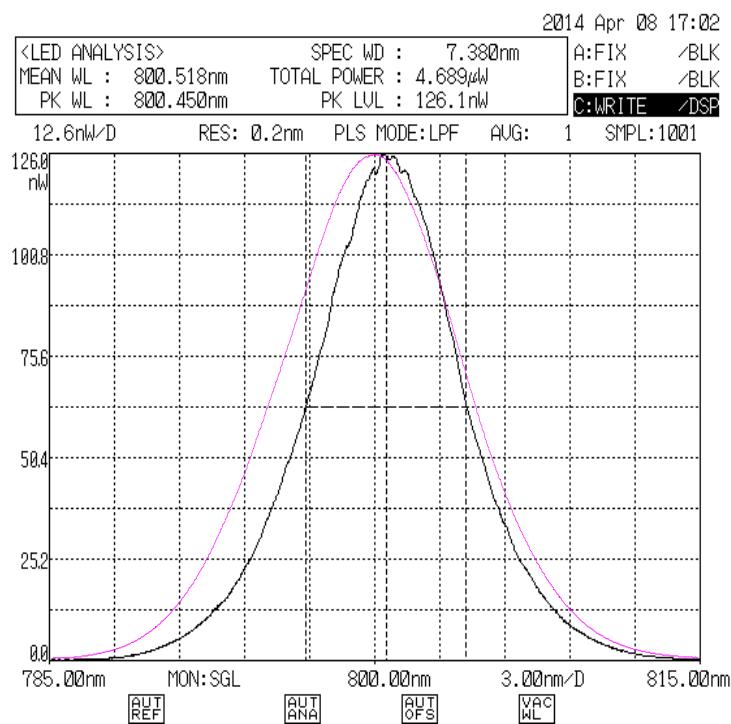
Experimental setup of Self SC scheme



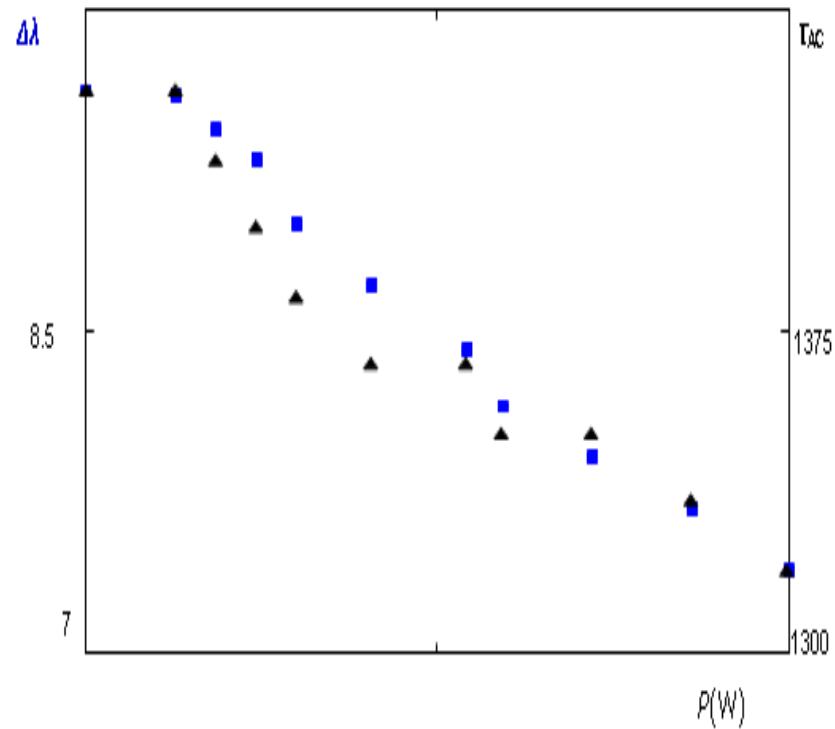
ThorLabs HCF-800



Self-SC



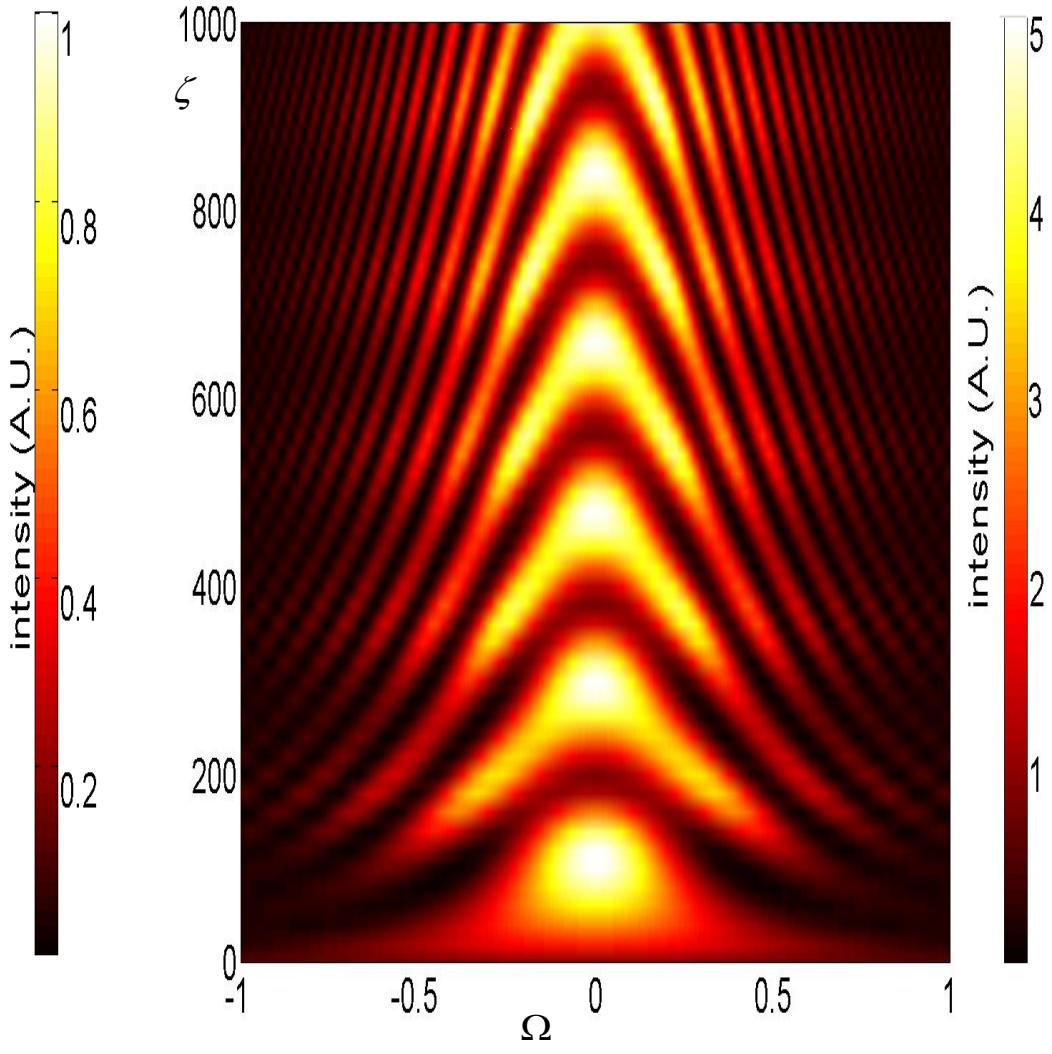
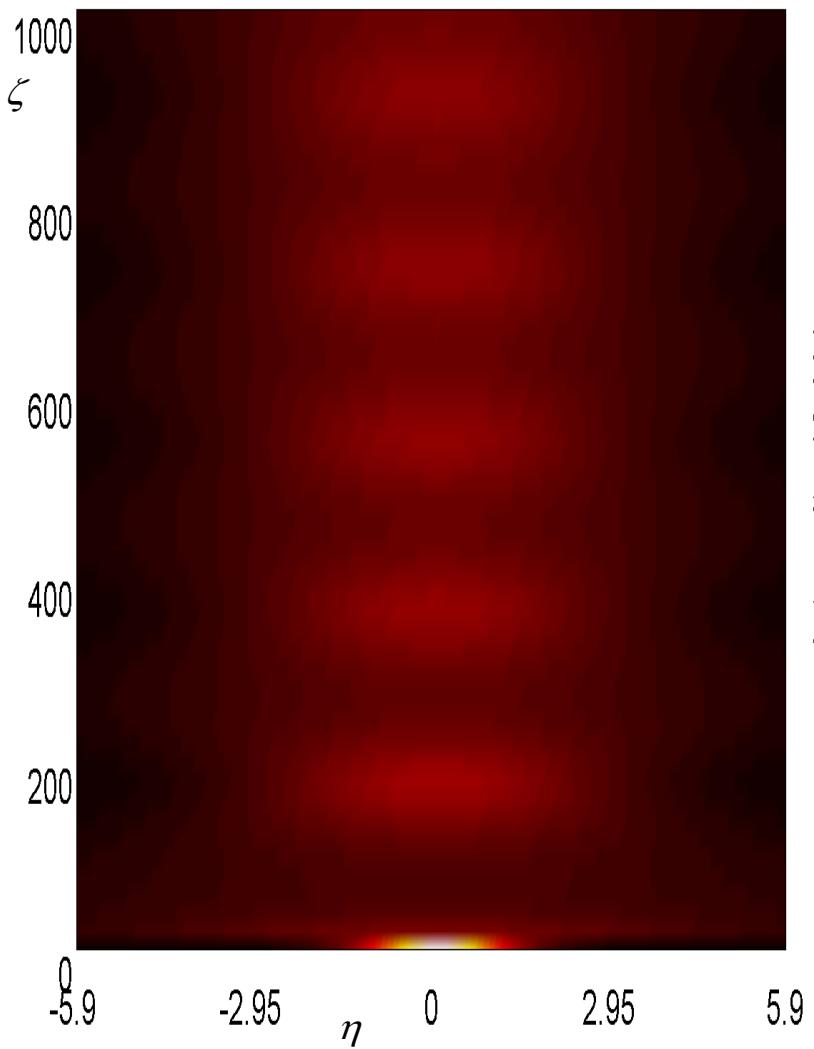
1.3x SC



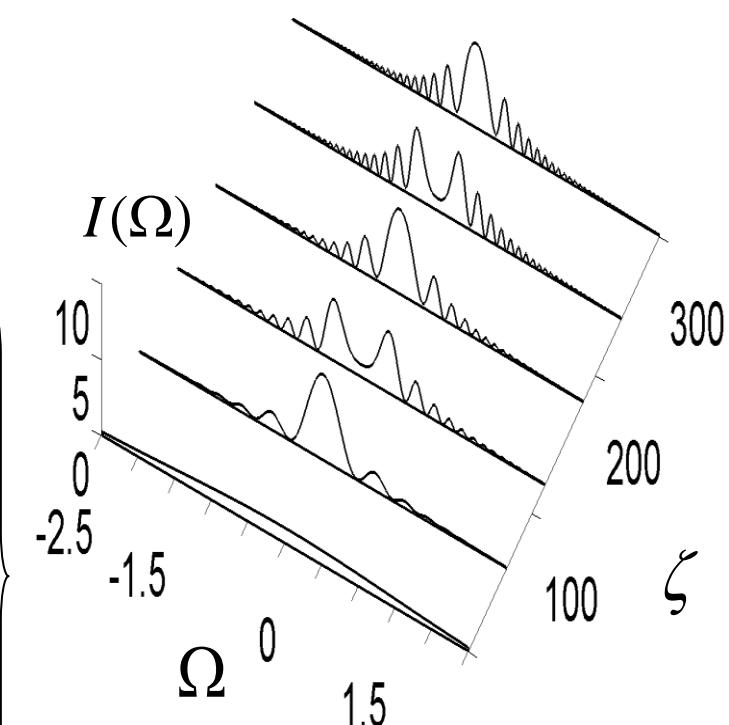
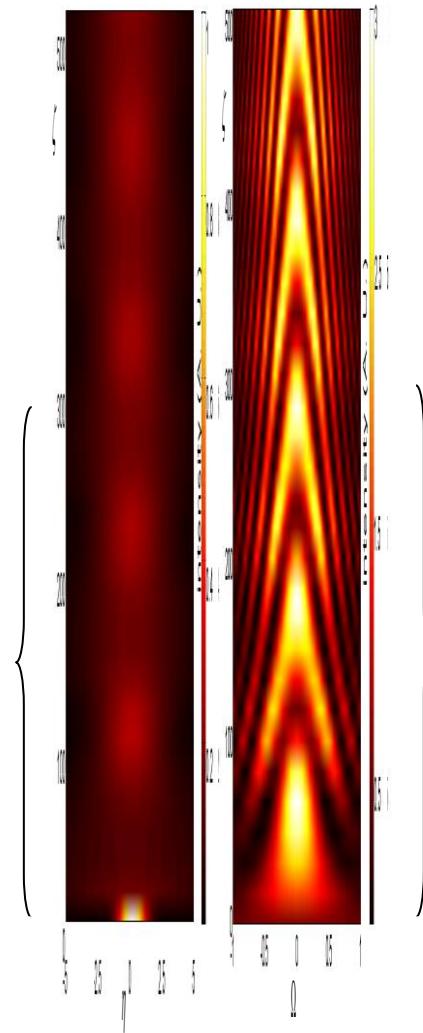
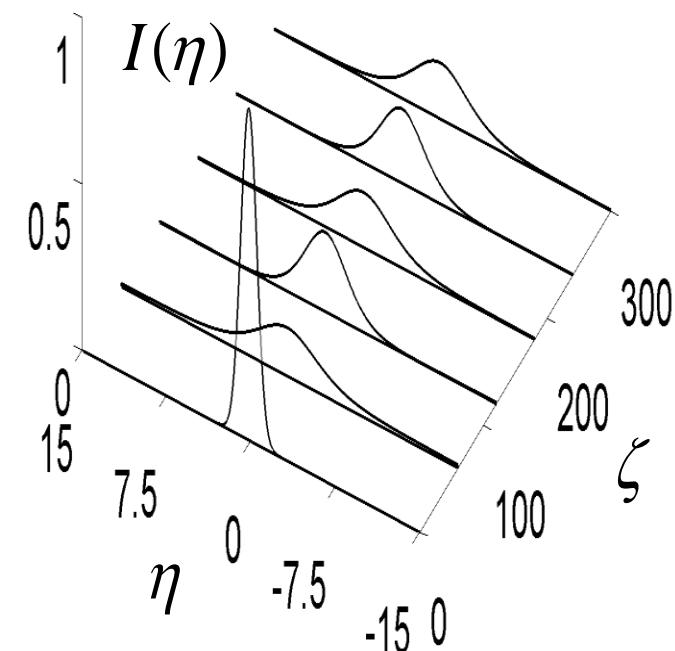
spectral width and
autocorrelation duration
vs power

Evolution “map” for self-SC process

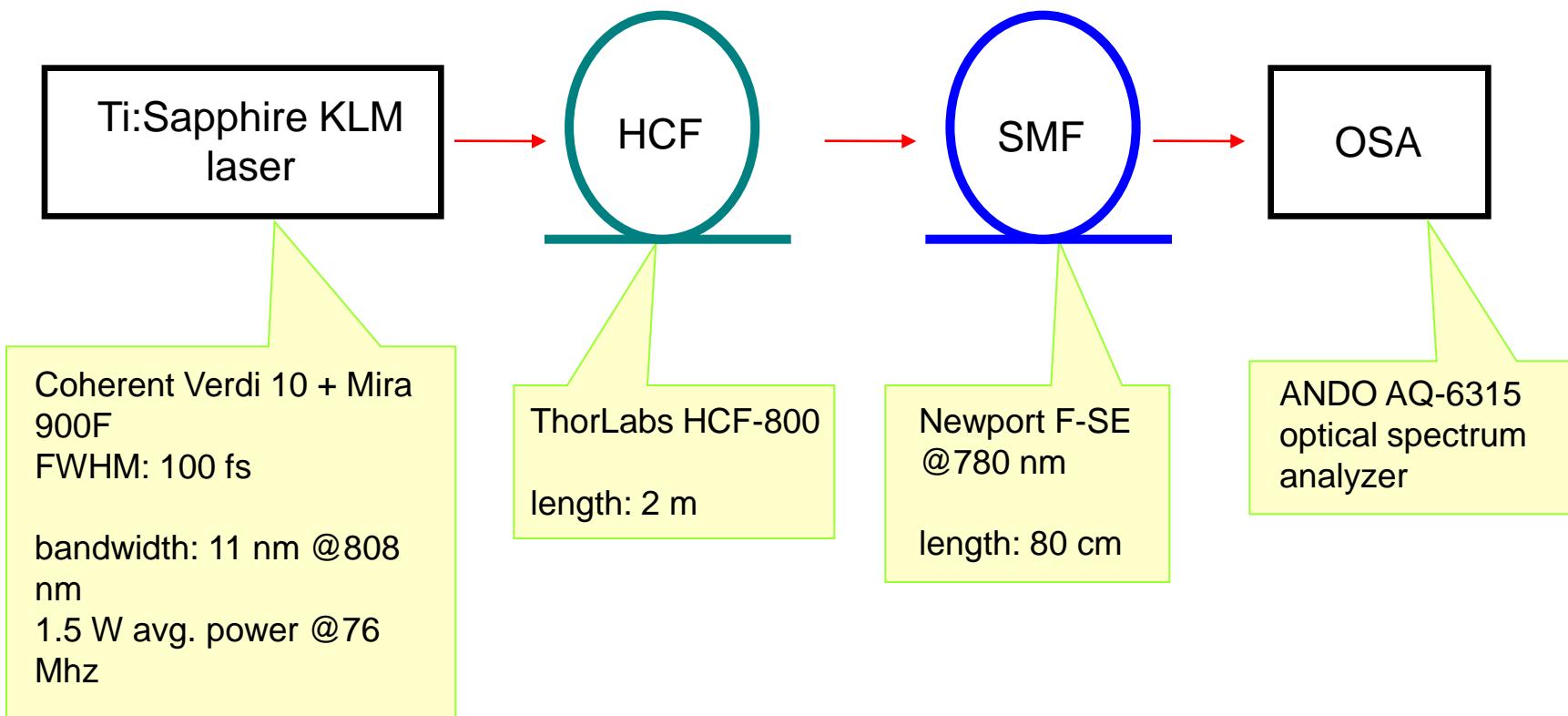
for initial secant-hyperbolic pulse $R=0.4$



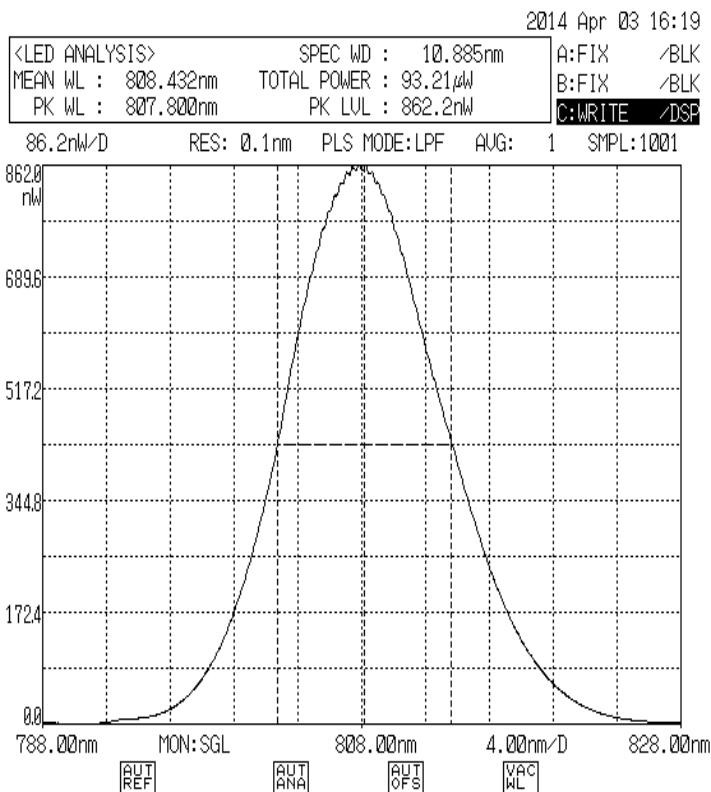
3D pattern of self-SC for initial Gaussian pulse ($R=0.6$)



Experimental setup of all-fiber technique of SC

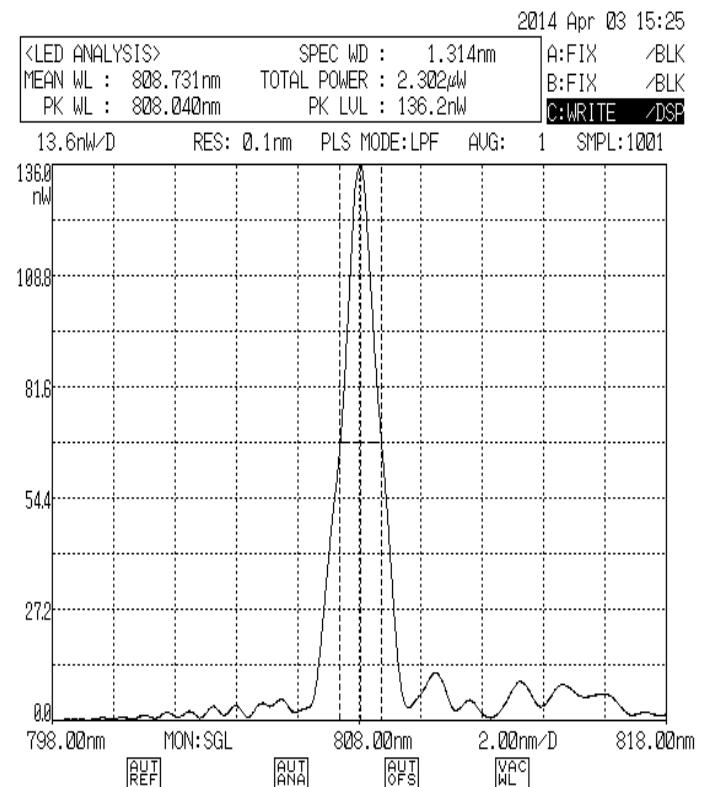


All-fiber SC



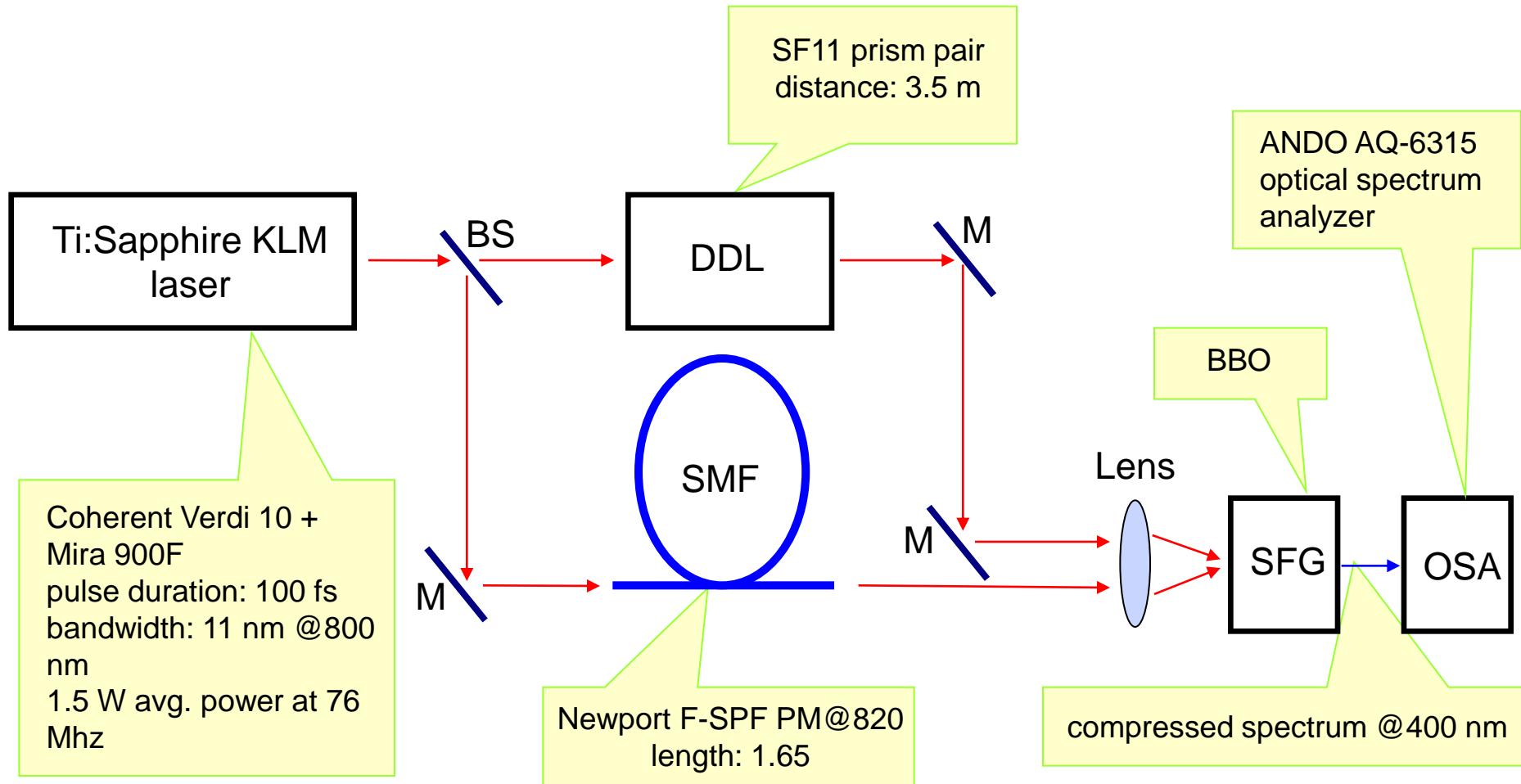
10.9 nm spectrum

8x SC
→

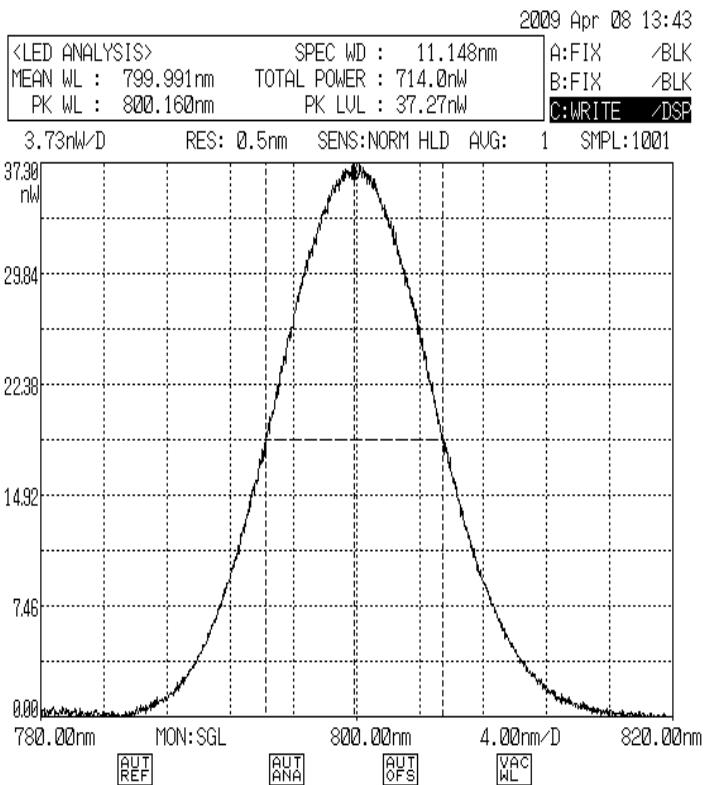


1.3 nm spectrum

Experimental setup of similaritonic technique of SC

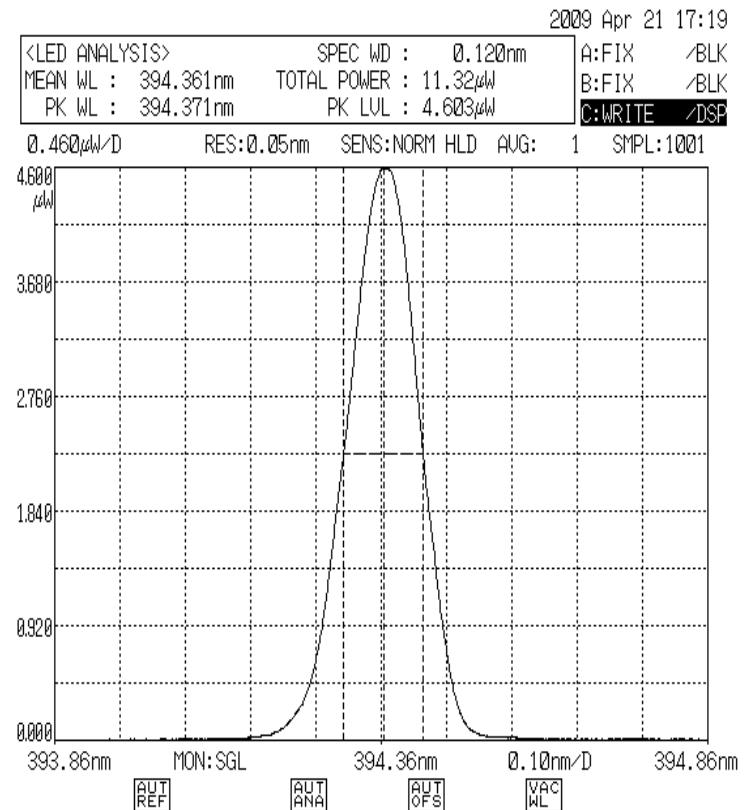


SC with similaritonic technique



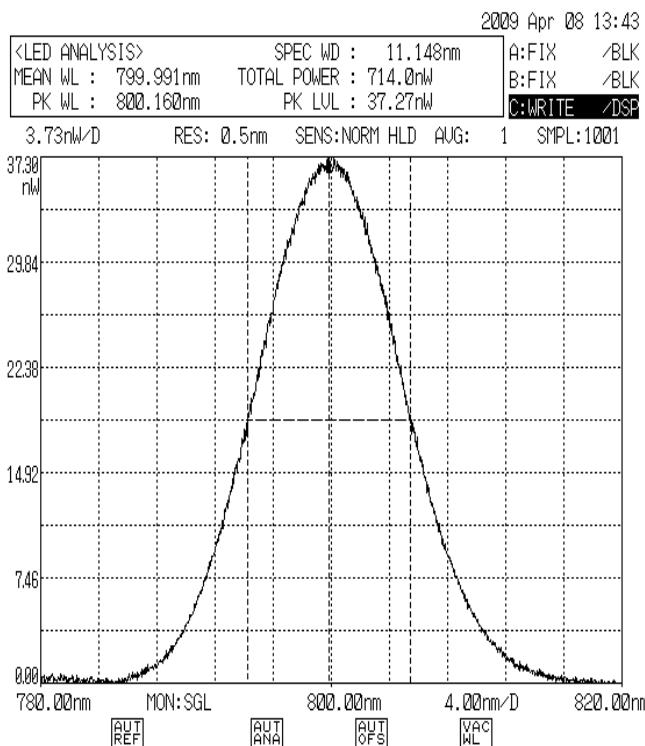
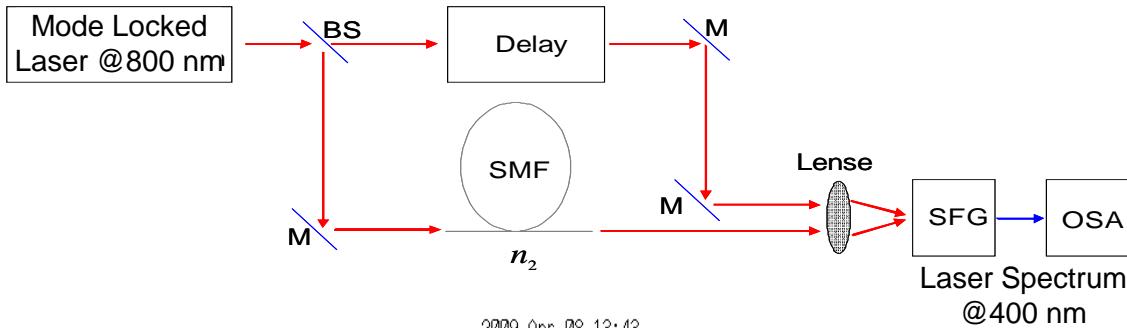
11.1 nm spectrum @800 nm

23x SC



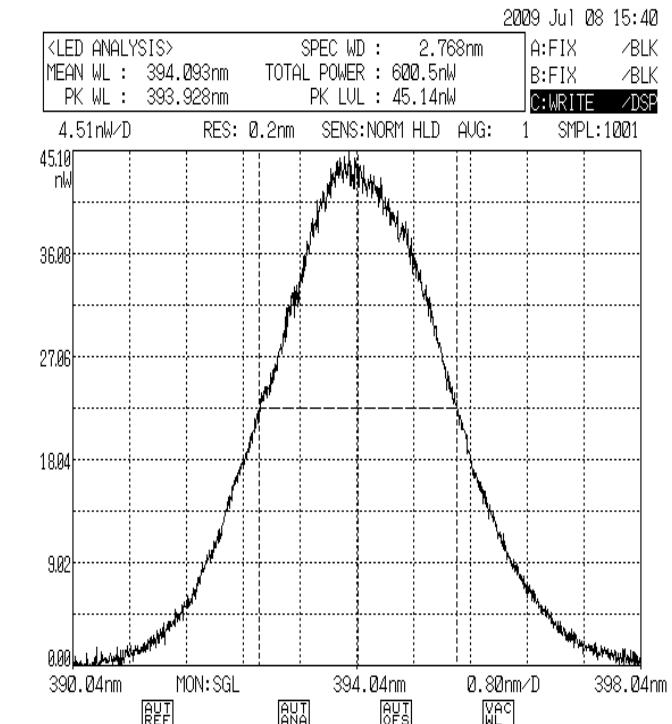
0.12 nm spectrum @400 nm

SFG without SC



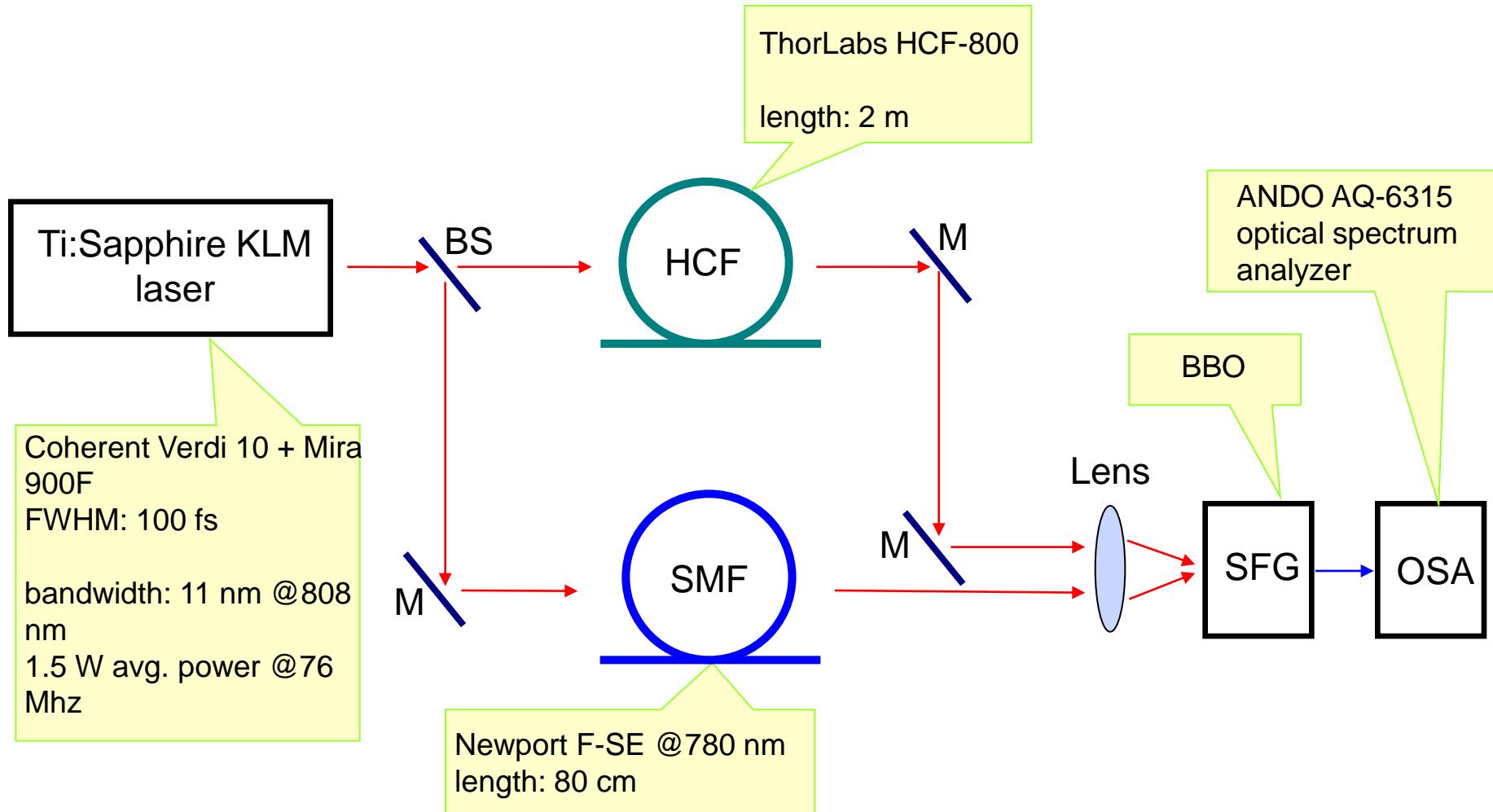
laser spectrum
11.1 nm spectrum @800 nm

SFG with
similariton

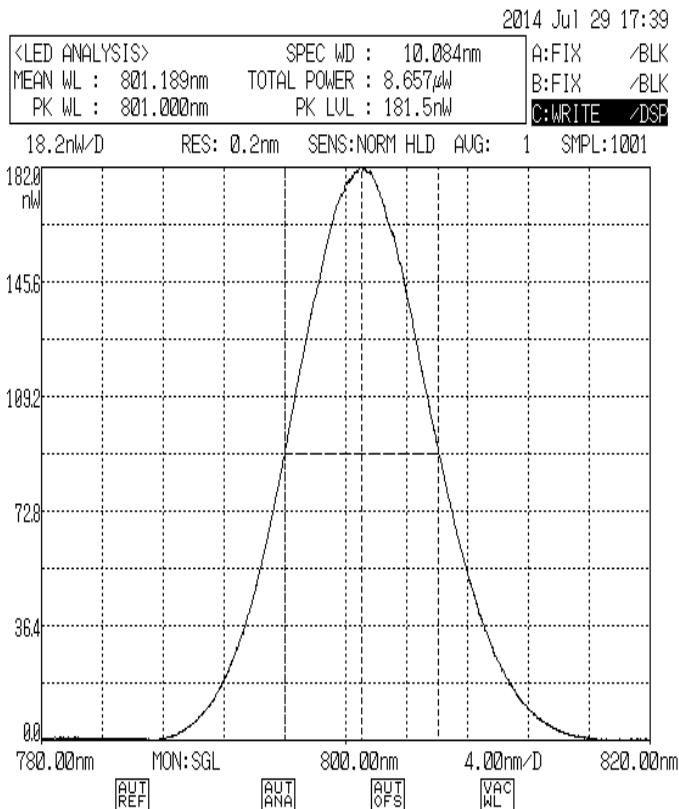


SH 2.7 nm spectrum @400 nm

Experimental setup of all-fiber similaritonic technique of SC

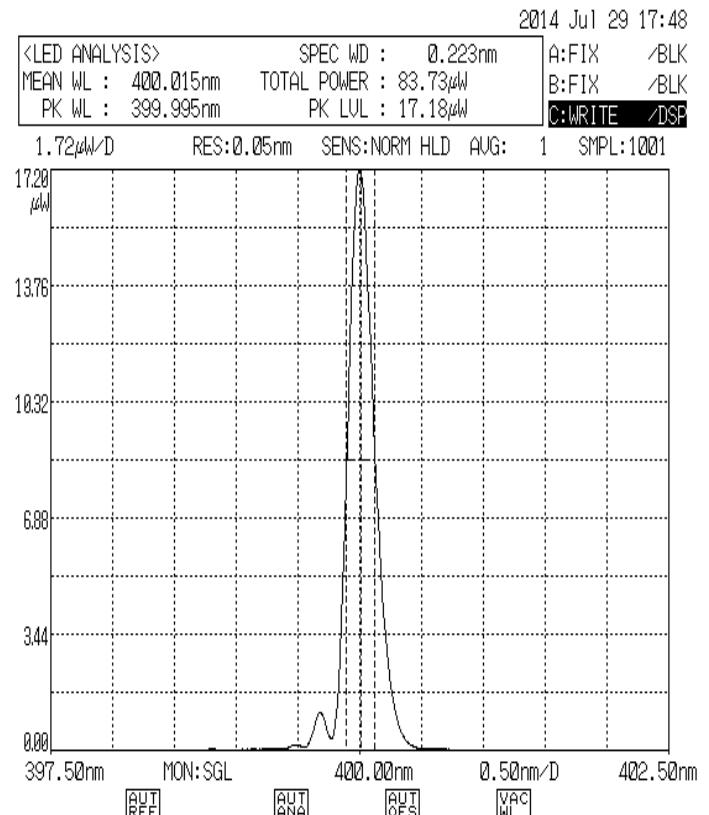


All-fiber similaritonic technique of SC



10.1 nm spectrum @800 nm

11x SC



0.22 nm spectrum @400 nm

Conclusion

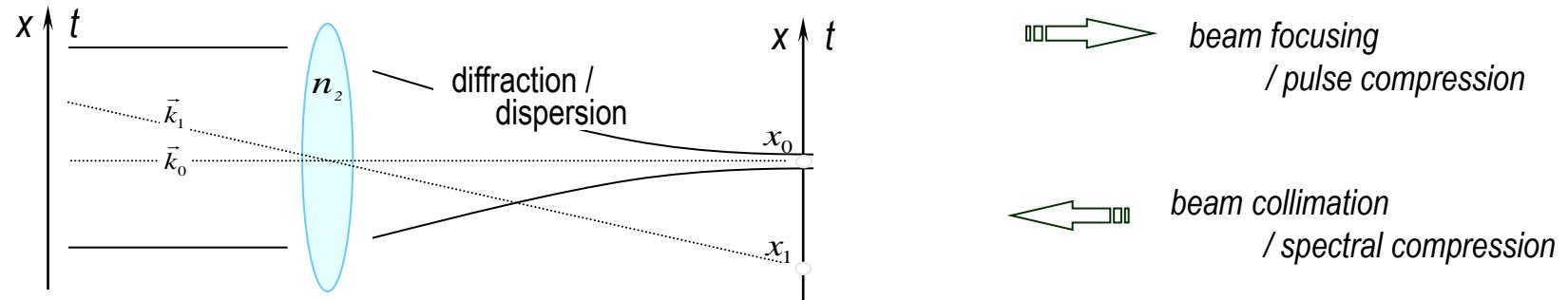
- 12x SC with classic technique
- 1.3x compression with self SC method
- 8x SC with all-fiber technique with use of HCF
- 11x SC by similaritonic technique with use of HCF
- 23x aberration-free SC by similaritonic technique with SFG

An important application of SC

Femtosecond Optical Oscilloscope

Concept of time lens

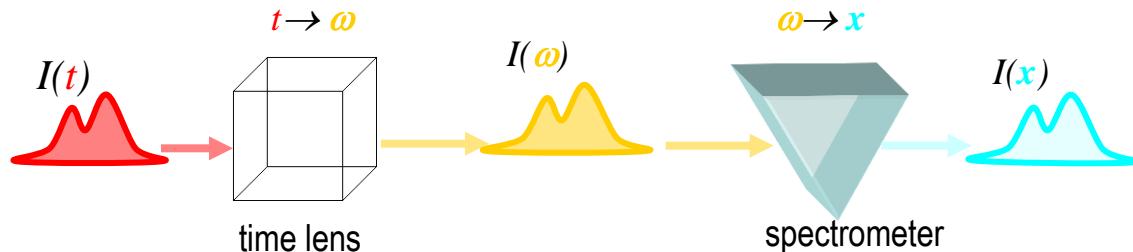
Space-to-time analogy:



Spectral compressor is a time lens, which “collimates” the radiation in time, and “focuses” the spectrum.

FT in the usual lens $\rightarrow x \rightarrow \vec{k}$ conversion.

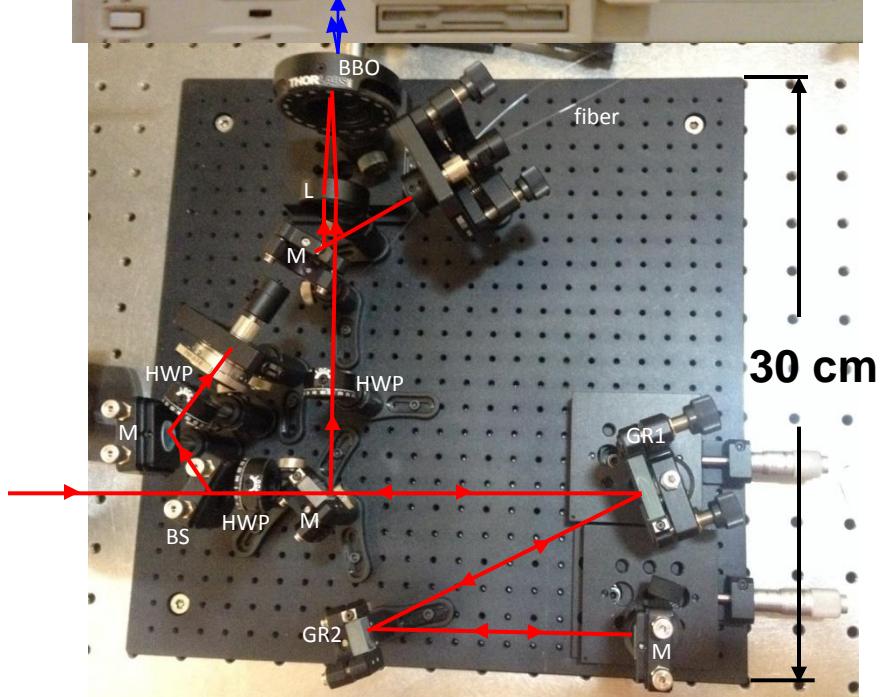
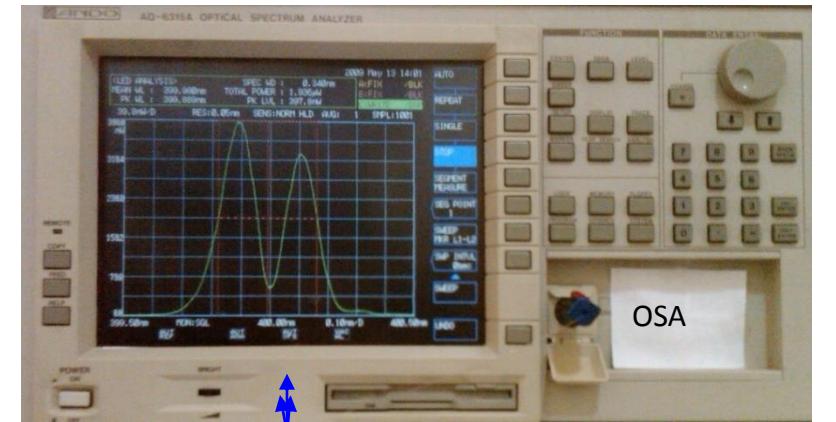
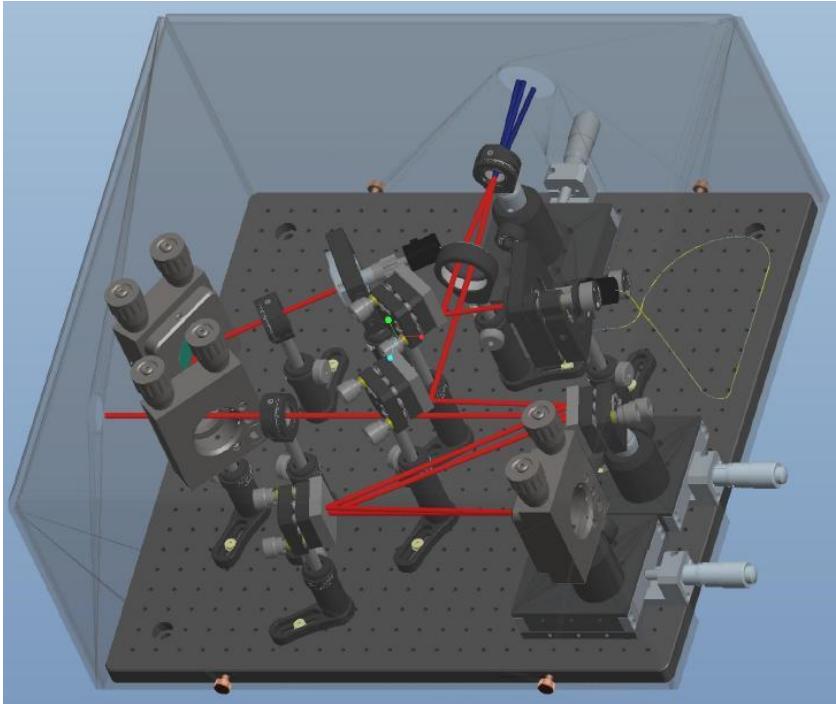
FT in the time lens $\rightarrow t \rightarrow \omega$ conversion, frequency tuning, and spectrotemporal imaging.



The use of similariton makes the time lens parabolic and aberration-free.

Prototype of fs oscilloscope

3D model



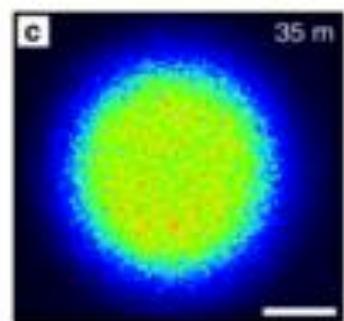
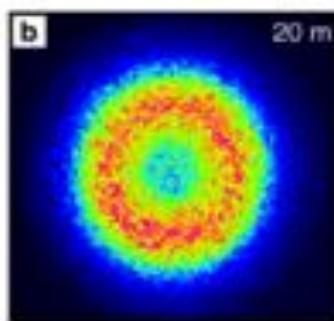
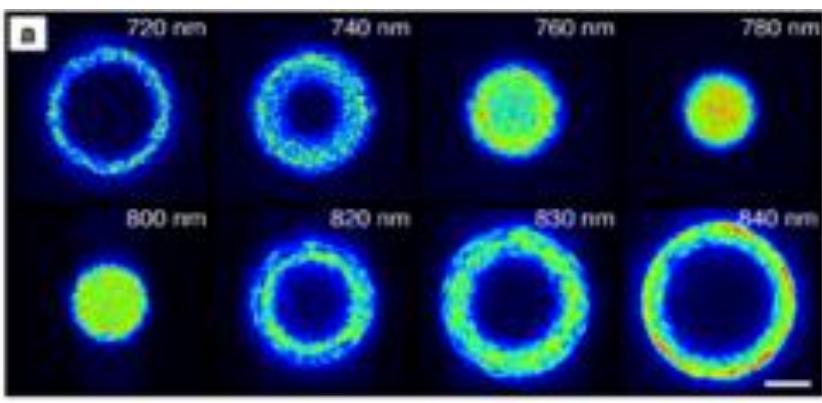
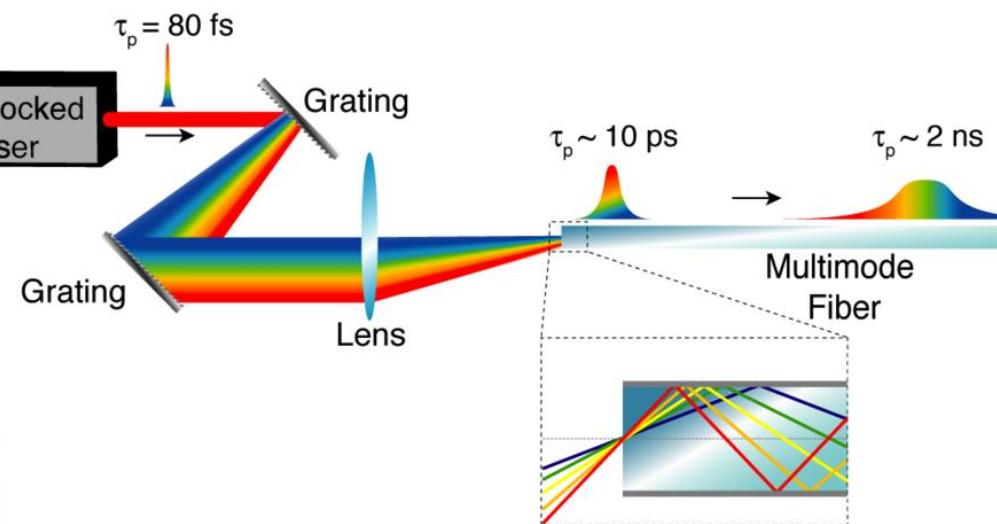
implemented prototype

Chromo-modal dispersion

Eric D. Diebold et al.

"Giant tunable optical dispersion using chromo-modal excitation of a multimode waveguide"

Vol. 19, No. 24, Optics Express 23817 (2011).

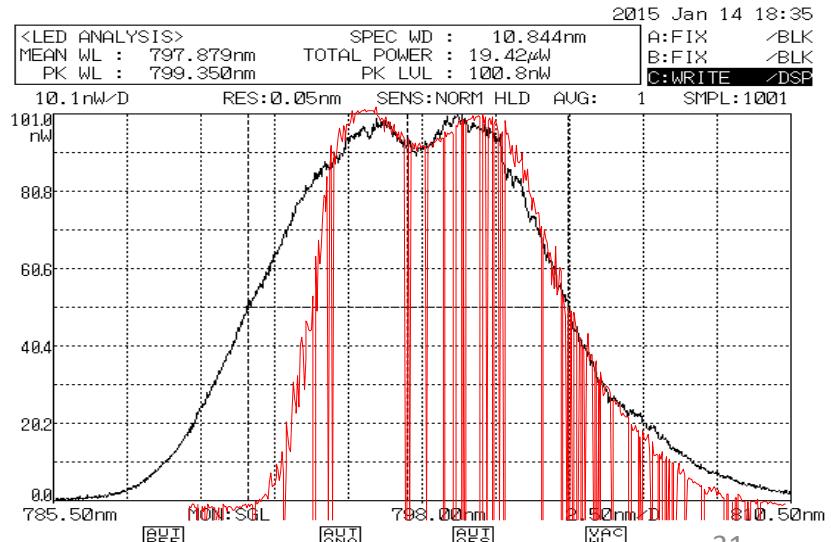
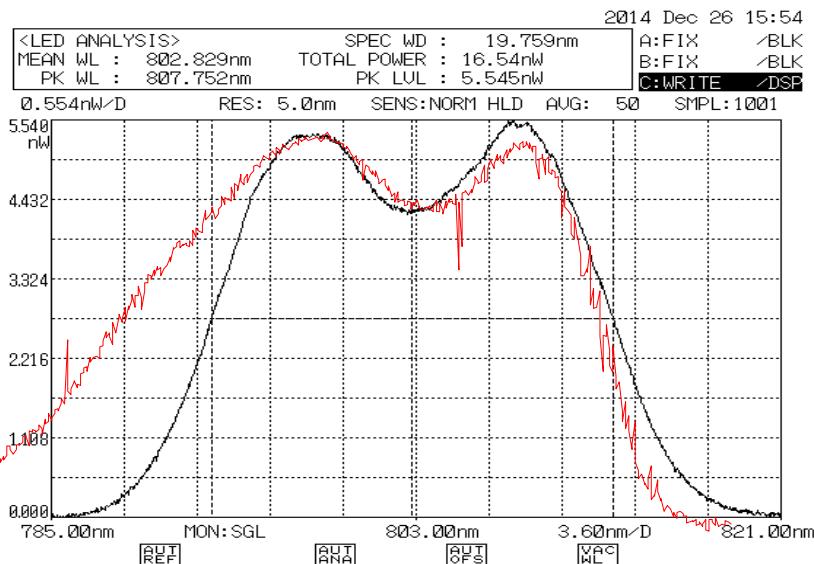
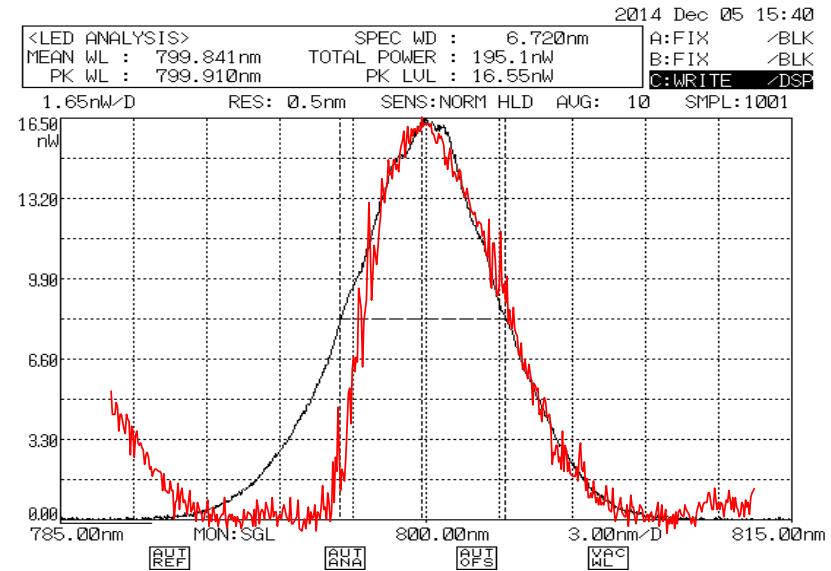
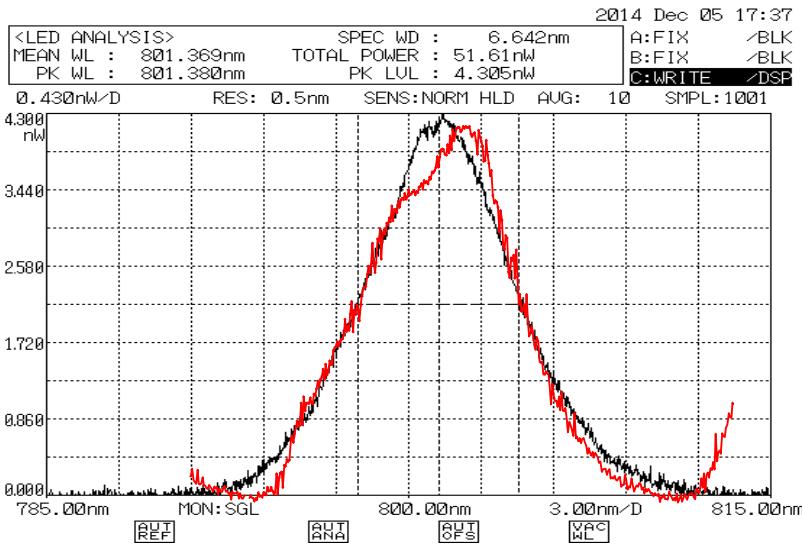


745nm, 20m
fiber propagation

745nm, 35m
fiber propagation
scale bar=1mm
fiber tip approx 5mm from sensor

mode profiles
at the output of the CMD

Results of chromo-modal dispersion experiments



Երևանի Պետական Համալսարան
Ֆիզիկայի ֆակուլտետ
Օպտիկայի ամբիոն



Ավարտական աշխատանք

ՈՉ ԳԾԱՅԻՆ-ԴԻՍՊԵՐՍԻՈՆ ՄԻՄԻԼԱՐԻՏՈՒՄ ԳԵՆԵՐԱՑՍԱՆ ՀԱԿԱԴԱՐՁ ԽՆԴԻՐԸ

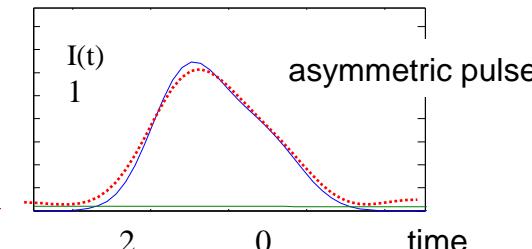
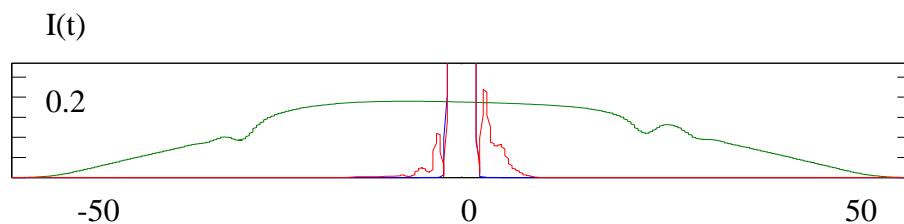
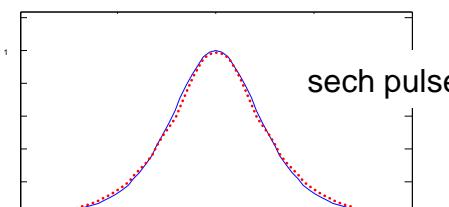
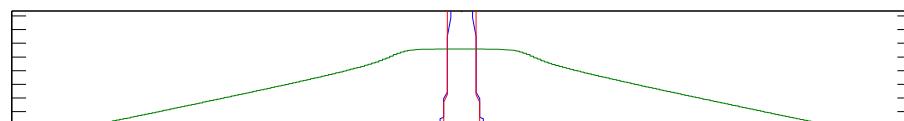
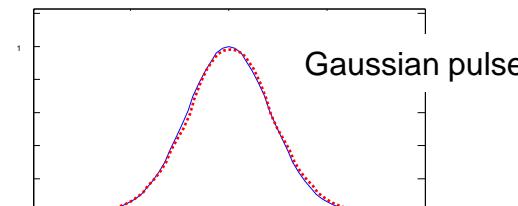
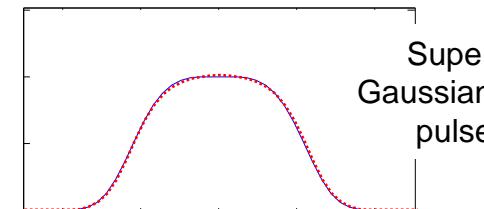
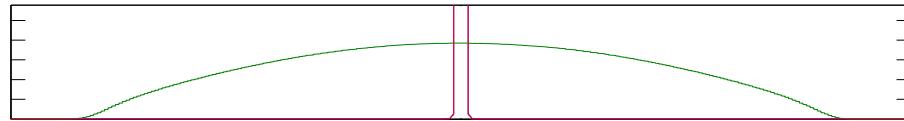
Ուսանող՝ Հրաչ Տոնեյան

Ղեկավար՝ Լևոն Մուրադյան

Reverse problem of NL-D similariton shaping



Results:



input and
retrieved
 pulses

Simulation
parameters:

$$\begin{aligned} R &\equiv L_D / L_{NL} = 50 \\ f &\equiv z / L_D = 5 \\ L_D &\equiv \tau_0^2 / \beta_2 \\ L_{NL} &\equiv (\beta_0 n_2 I_0)^{-1} \end{aligned}$$

THANKS