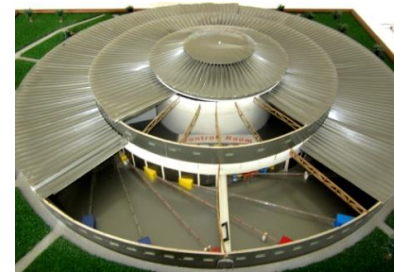


CANDLE Project Status

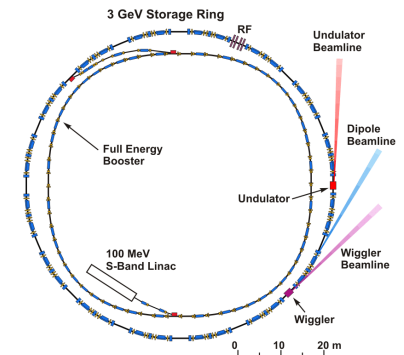
In Memory of Vasili Tsakanov



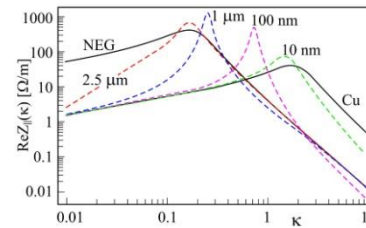
② CANDLE Project



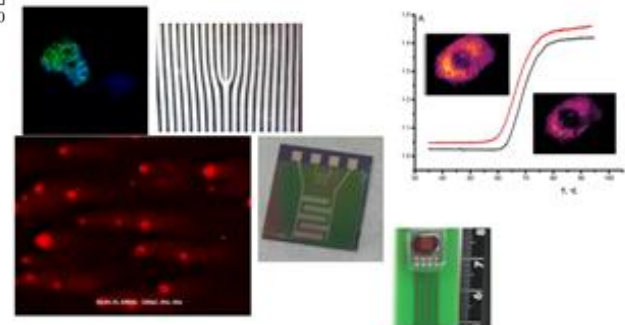
② Storage Ring Optimizations



② Impedances

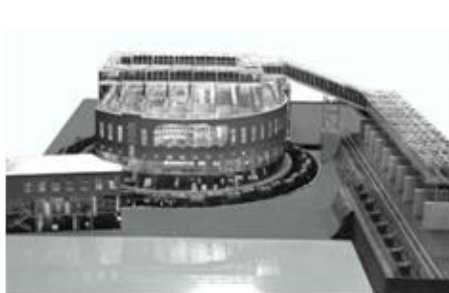


② The link to Users



② Summary

6 GeV synchrotron (1967)



A.I. Alikhanian

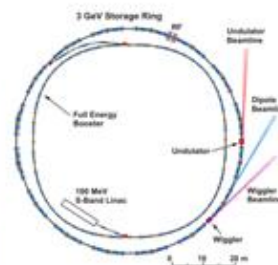
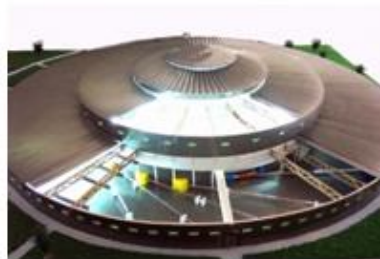
3 Synch Rad Beamlines (1973)



3 GeV CANDLE Light Source



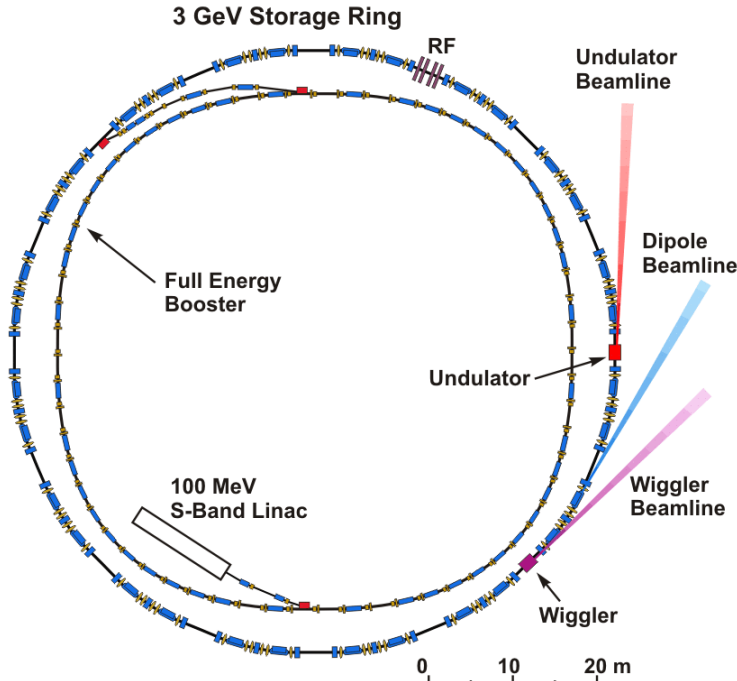
V.M. Tsakanov



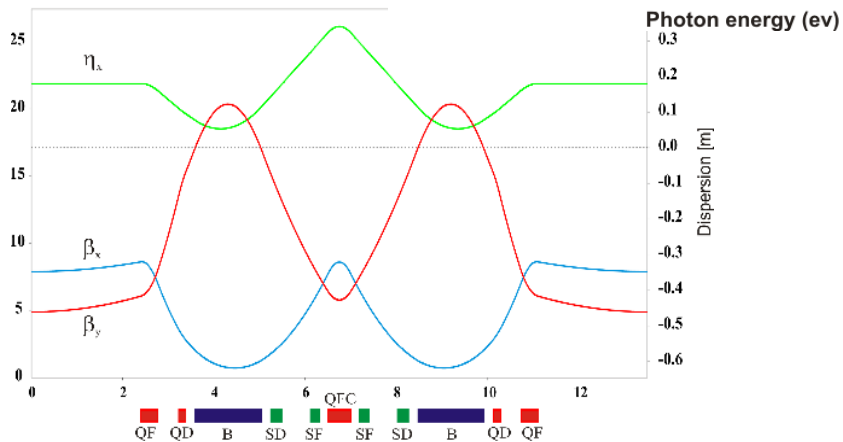
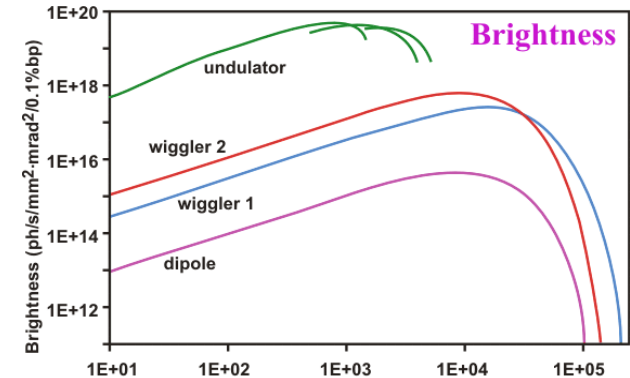
Energy	3 GeV
Current	350 mA
Circumference	216 m
Emittance	8.4 nm

The strong user community will emerge as the facility is readied.

Review Panel

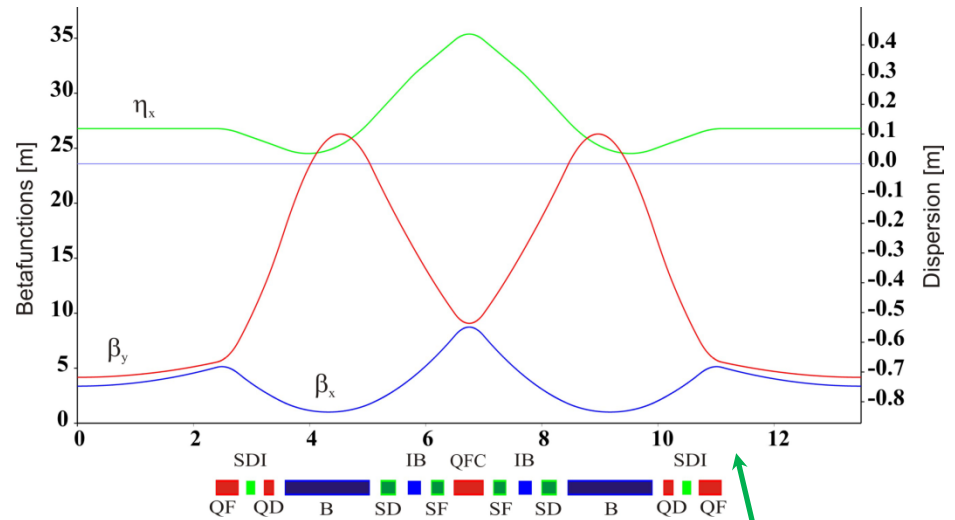
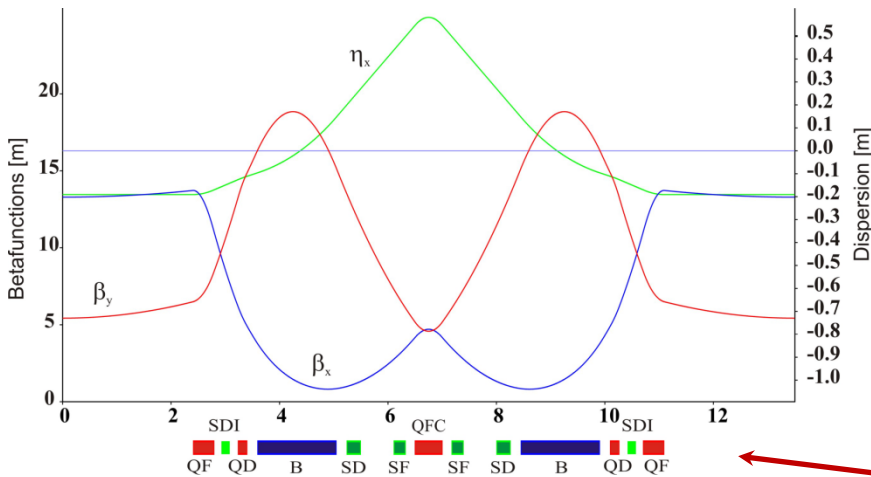


Energy E (GeV)	3
Circumference (m)	216
Current I (mA)	350
RF frequency (MHz)	499.654
Harmonic number	360
Number of lattice periods	16
Straight section length (m)	4.8
Lattice type	DBA
Bending radius ρ (m)	7.385



Energy	3 GeV
Current	350 mA
Circumference	216 m
Emittance	8.4 nm

**Low alpha:
Short pulse SR +
Coh. THz radiation**



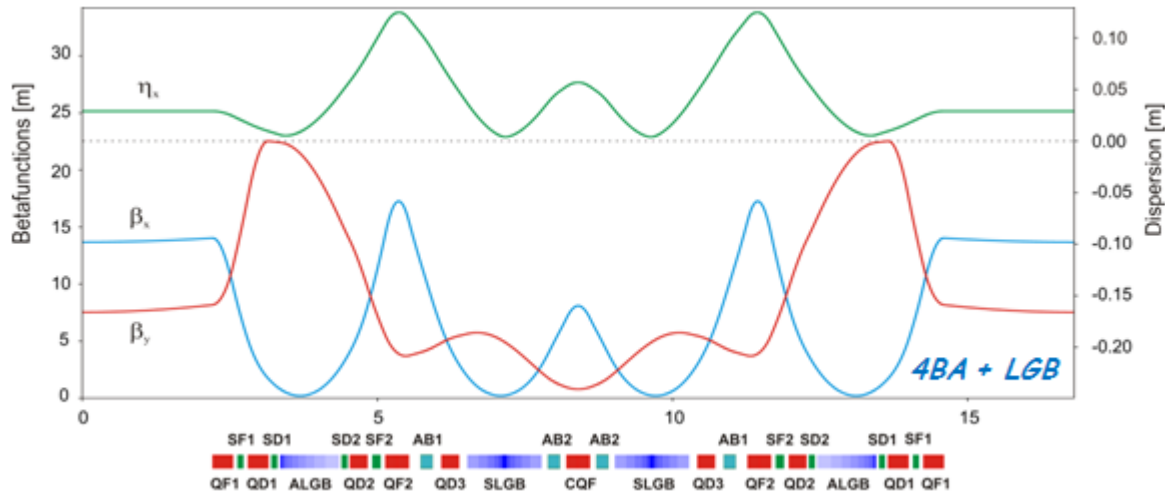
A. Sargsyan *et al* 2015 *JINST* 10 T10002

DOI: 10.1088/1748-0221/10/10/t10002

Parameter	Original lattice	High emittance lattice	Low emittance lattice
α_0	$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$2 \cdot 10^{-5}$	10^{-4} ($2 \cdot 10^{-5}$ is infeasible)
α_1 (with/without sext. opt)	$3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$10^{-4}/-7.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$	$4 \cdot 10^{-3}/6.3 \cdot 10^{-3}$
Emittance (nm rad)	8.4	59	27
rms energy spread (%)	0.104	0.095	0.116
Momentum acceptance (%)	2.4	10	1.25

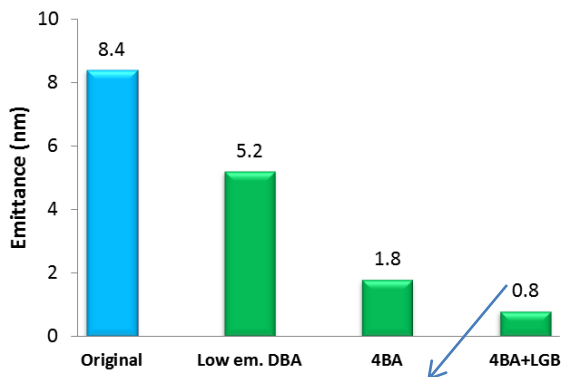
CANDLE Storage Ring Optimizations

ESLS -2021



A. Sargsyan et.al. *NIM A*, 2016.
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.nima.2016.06.129>

Optimizations for low emittance

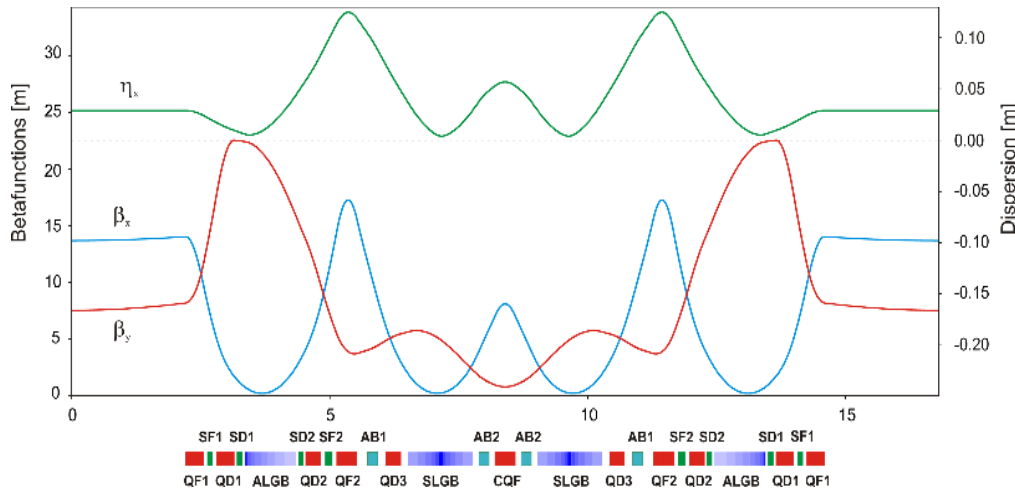


Parameter	Original	Low emit. DBA	4BA	4BA+LGB
Circumference (m)	216	216	258	268.8
Number of periods	16	24	16	16
Straight section length (m)	4.8	4.4	4.2	4.4
Energy (GeV)	3	3	3	3
Emittance (nm rad)	8.4	5.2	1.1	0.435
Energy spread (%)	0.1	0.15	0.1	0.11
Overall mom. acc. (%)	2.4	2.1	3.9	2.6
Natural chrom. (hor./vert.)	-18.91/ -14.86	-13.64/ -24.27	-38.27/ -26.04	-95.16/ -33.92
Betatron tunes (hor./vert.)	13.2/ 4.26	14.17/3.19	24.61/14.37	29.2/8.36

0.435 for 268.8m circumf.

CANDLE Storage Ring Optimizations

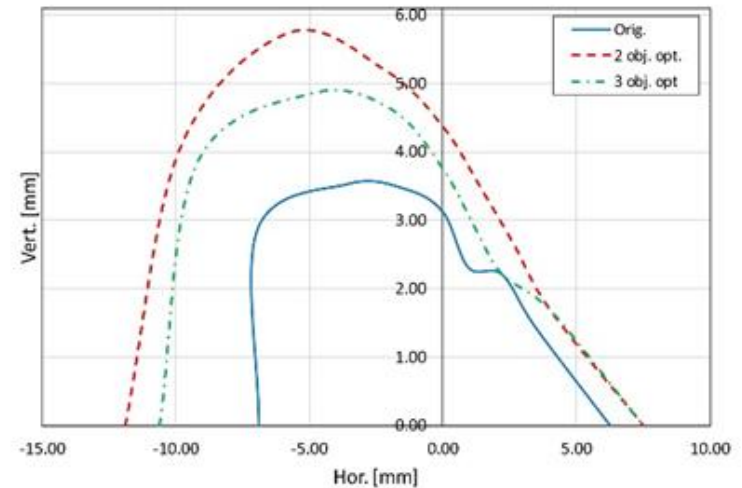
ESLS -2021

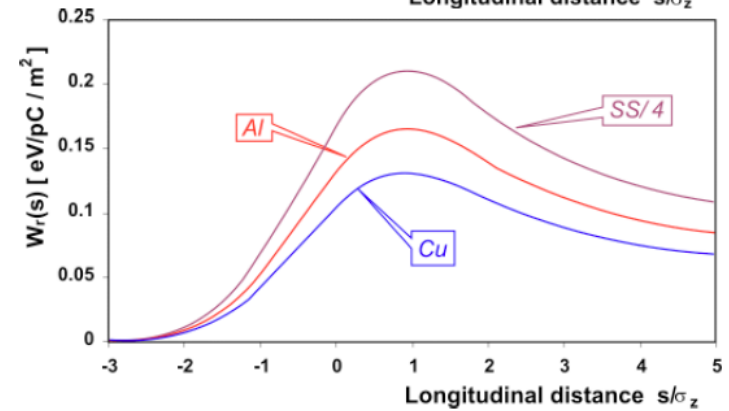
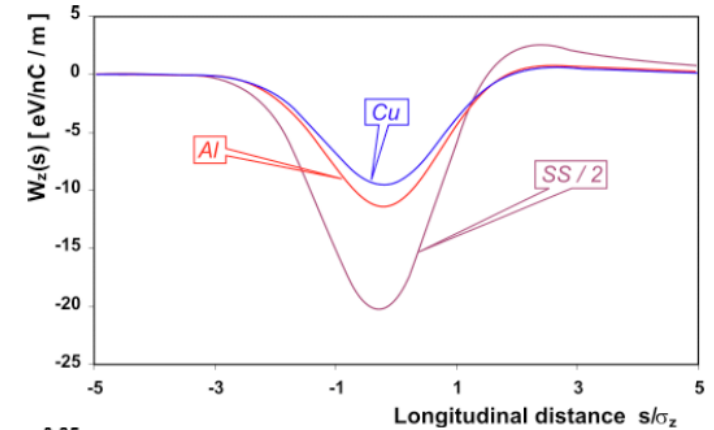
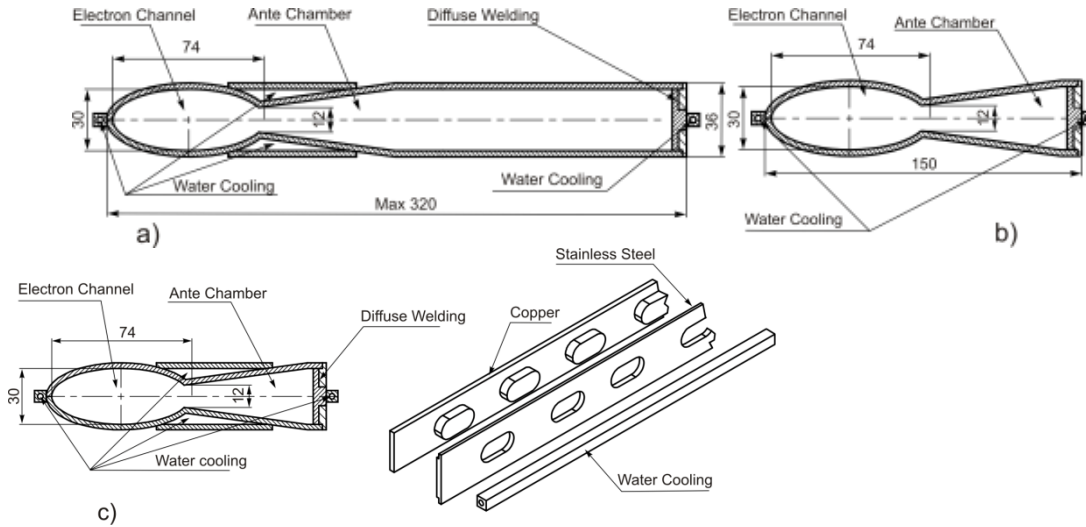


Non linear dynamics optimizations for low emittance

Sext	Original [m ⁻³]	Optimized [m ⁻³]
SF1	110.1	113.7
SD1	-425.4	-406.3
SD2	-516.4	-544.4
SF2	313.2	347.8
AB1	-59.9	-75.5
AB2	211.6	166.9

Circumference [m]	268.8
Lattice Type	4BA
Number of Periods	16
Straight length [m]	4.4
Beam Energy [GeV]	3
Horiz. Emittance [nm-rad]	0.435

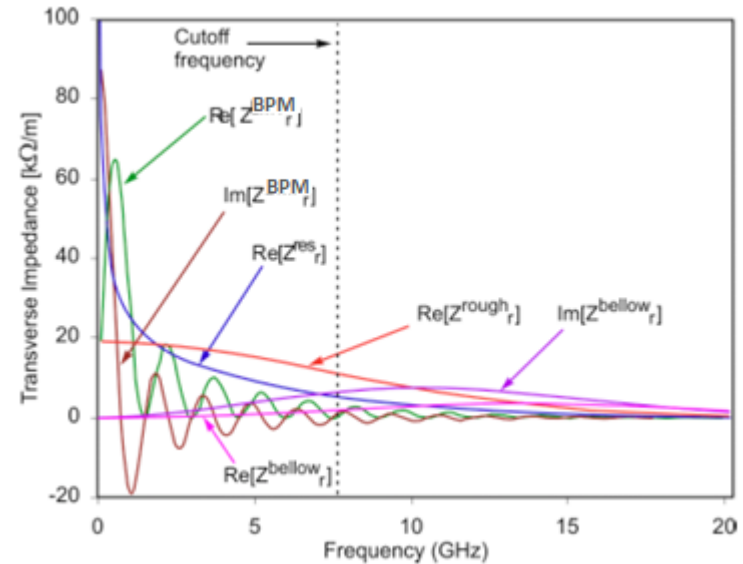
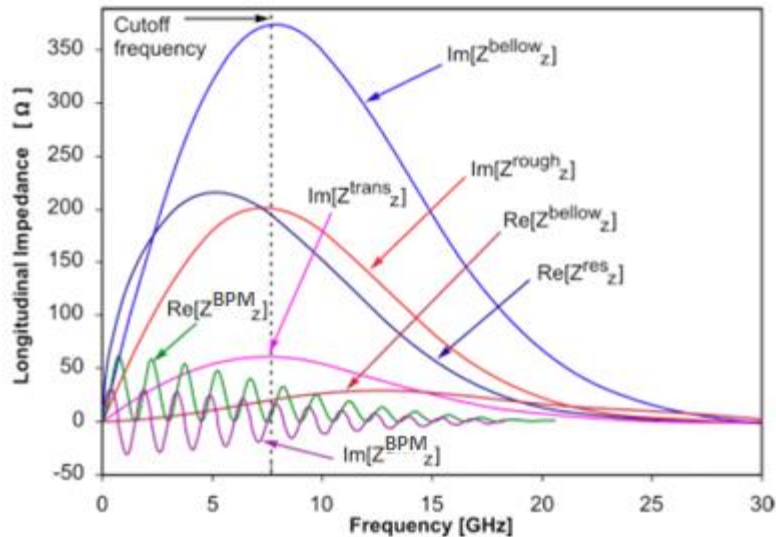




Material	Conductivity σ ($10^7 \Omega^{-1} m^{-1}$)	Characteristic distance s_0 (mm)	Short-range wake correction
Stainless Steel	0.14	0.12	$2 \cdot 10^{-3}$
Aluminum	3.65	0.041	$4 \cdot 10^{-4}$
Copper	5.93	0.035	$3.2 \cdot 10^{-4}$

Parameters of Impedance sources

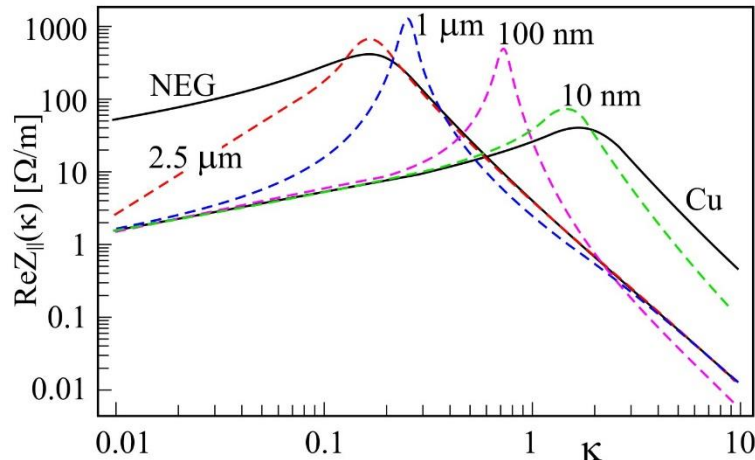
Source of wake	Quantity	Parameters
Resistive walls	-	Stainless Steel, Conductivity: $1.4 \cdot 10^6 \Omega^{-1} \text{m}^{-1}$
Roughness	-	RMS Height: $5 \mu \text{m}$
Transitions	6	Length: 7cm, 5:1 taper
Bellows	100	Length: 5mm; Height: 2mm
BPM	100	Length: 10cm; End Impedance- 5Ω , angle $\pi/2$



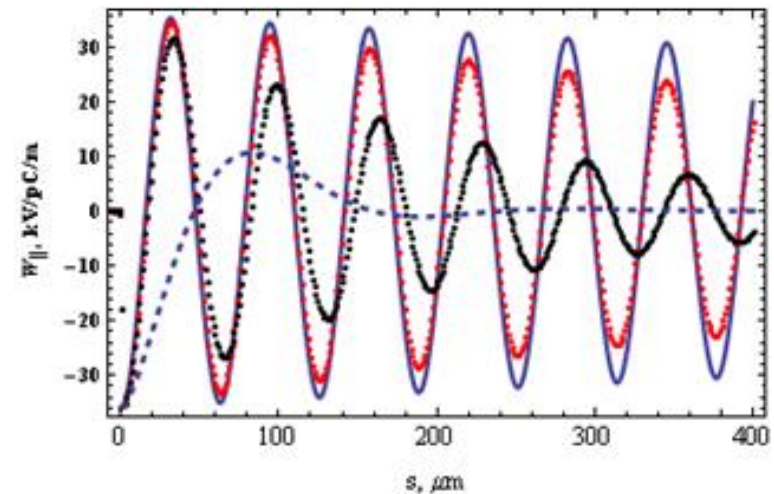
For chamber design optimizations laminated structure considerations
SS-NEG **Cu-NEG** were considered

Cu - NEG

M. Ivanyan, et al, PRSTAB, 2014
M. Ivanyan, et al, NIM (A), 2016



Longitudinal Impedances for several NEG thicknesses.



Long. resistive wakes for different copper pipe radii.

- Collaborations PETRA IV (DESY), SLS 2 (PSI)
- Project of impedance measurements test stand for different thickness of NEG



- “**CANDLE** is a world-class project enabling frontier research in a whole spectrum of basic and applied sciences”.

- Excellent investment from scientific-technical point of view.

- Strong user community will emerge as the facility is readied.

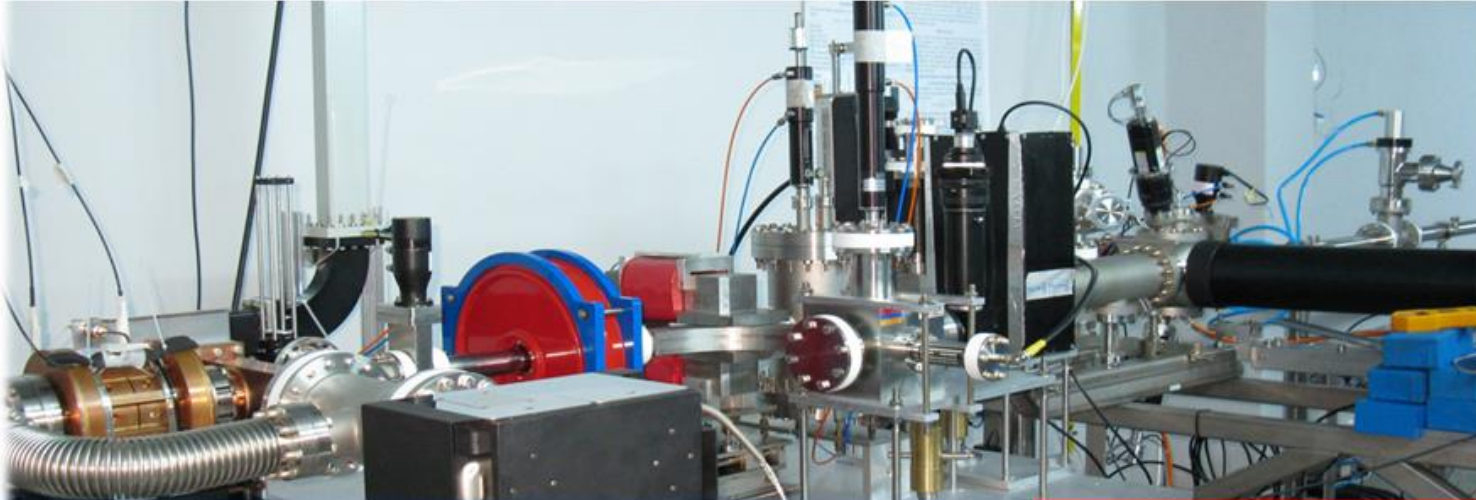
From Review Panel Report

2002

- State-of-the-art facility
- Multiple applications
- Small facility + Lim invest.
- Scientific & Tech. asset
- Training and Educ. Center
- International cooperation
- Strategic Highlights

From meeting of international experts with RA government

2010



AREAL General Parameters:

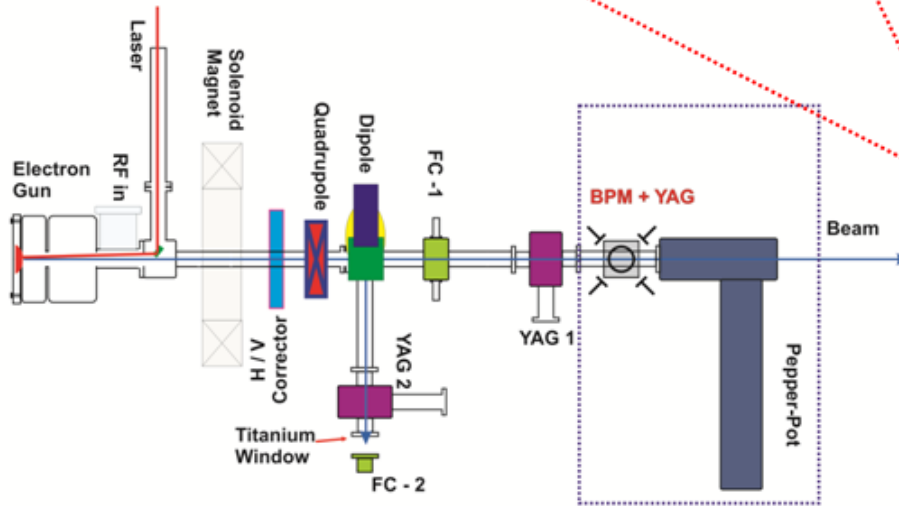
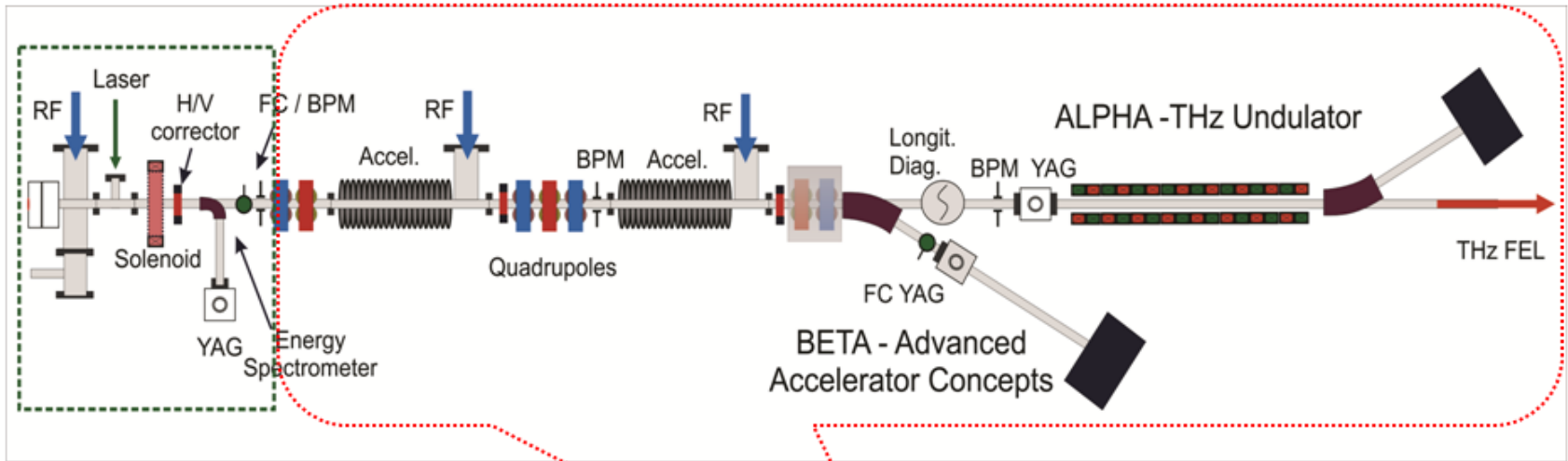
Charge	10 - 850* pC (150-250 pC nominal)
Bunch length -FWHM (ps)	0.4 - 10
Repetition rate	1- 50 ** Hz
Transv. beamsize (x/y)	2/3 (@ straight) 20 / 8 mm (@ dipole)
Norm. Transv. emitt. (x/y)	≤ 1 mm-mrad
Energy	≤ 5.0 MeV
Energy spread (at dipole)	< 0.5%
Experiment duration	1 - 744*** hours

Fields of Potential Interest:

Solid State Physics
 Biology
 Molecular Physics
 Optics
 Material Science

 Food Processing
 Chemistry
 Oncology
 Medical Equipment Sterilization

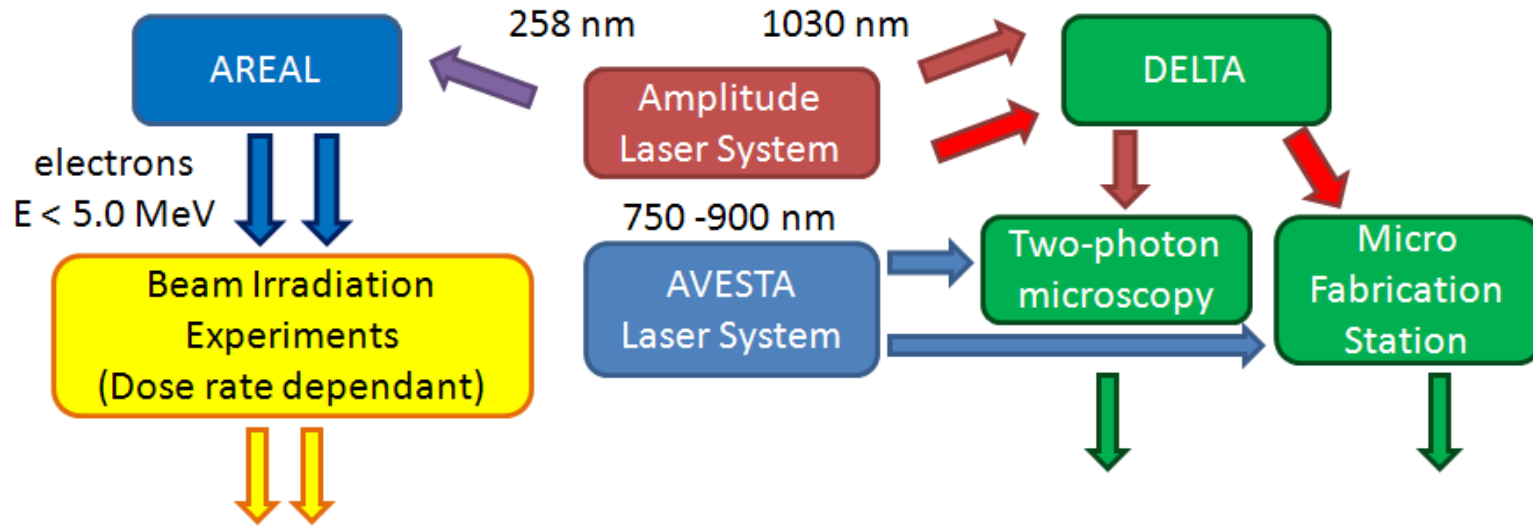
* High charge regime for dedicated experiments (achieved November 2015)
 ** Tests were performed up to 47 Hz with nominal charge of 150 pC. (end 2015)
 *** 31 days of uninterrupted operation in May-June 2014, September-October 2018.



AREAL-50 Upgrade Program

- 20,50 MeV electrons
- FEL Radiation

Wavelength	2- 6.7 μm
Frequency	45 -125 THz
Pulse energy	60-100 μJ



RF Measurements, (R&S joint educ. center) , Timing and Synchronization LAB.

Radiation Biology LAB

Vacuum Technology, Brazing, Welding LAB

New Advanced Materials LAB

Scientific Engineering Workshop

Magnetic Measurements LAB

Scanning Electron Microscope

Electron Beam $E = 20, 50 \text{ MeV}$

FEL $\lambda = 2.5 - 30 \mu\text{m}$ pulse energy 60-100 μJ

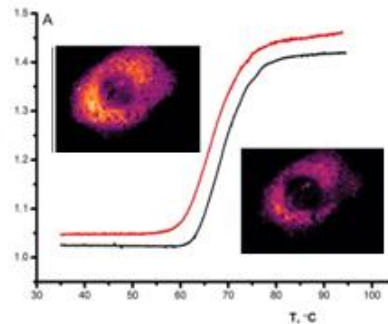
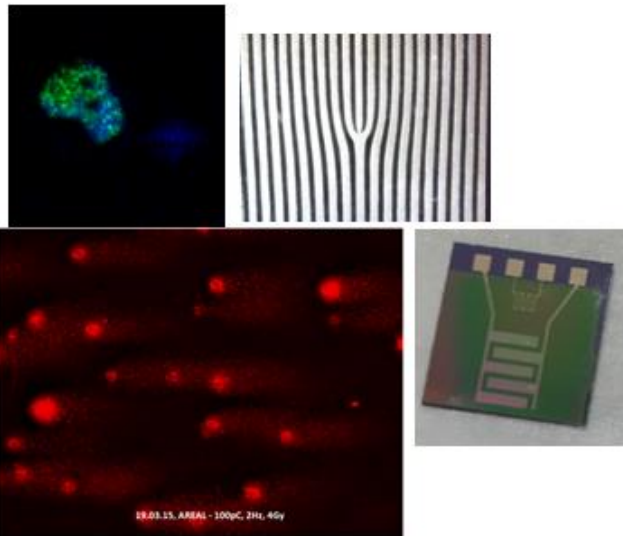
0.35 THz Radiation & acceleration (BETA)

Experiments 2015-2019:

1. YerPhI (Semiconductors)
2. YSU (Genetics)
3. NAS RA (Molecular physics)
4. NPUA (Microelectronics)
5. CANDLE (EM fields)
6. NAS RF (Radiation Biophysics)

Experiments. Starting 2020:

1. YerPhI (Semiconductors)
2. YSU (Genetics)
3. NAS RA (Molecular physics)
4. State Agrarian Univ. (Food Processing)
5. CANDLE (Single Mode Resonator)
6. NAS RF (Radiation Biophysics)



Operating Parameters:

Charge	30 - 50 pC
Repetition rate	2- 25 Hz
Transv. size (x/y)	20 / 8 mm
Energy	2.8 - 4.7 MeV
Av. exper. duration	1 - 8 hours

AREAL - Linear Accelerator (in operation)

Experimental Disciplines and Activity

- Solid State Physics
- Radiation Biology
- Advanced Materials
- Food Processing
- Scanning Electron Microscopy
- Optical (laser-generated) THz sources
- THz radiation sources (linac based)
- Advanced accelerator concepts (on-chip accelerators)
- Reverse Compton Scattering and other radiation sources (participating)
- **Design and Fabrication of accelerator equipment**



CANDLE International Collaborations

ESLS -2021



PAUL SCHERRER INSTITUT



TECHNISCHE
UNIVERSITÄT
WIEN
Vienna | Austria



Universität Hamburg
DER FORSCHUNG | DER LEHRE | DER BILDUNG

**Armenian German
Student Course**



**Inverse Compton Scattering
Light Sources**



UNIVERSITÀ
DEGLI STUDI
DI BRESCIA



POLITECNICO
MILANO 1863

DIPARTIMENTO DI FISICA



ИХФ им. Семенова, РАН

Radiation Biophysics. Experimental Program

NATO – CALL 2021

(Miniature accelerator Security & Medicine)

CANDLE Synchrotron Light Source

- The design is continuously under development to satisfy to the latest demands and state-of-art technologies available.
 - Low-alpha mode (Short SR pulses, Coherent THz)
 - Low emittance mode (Two options are available, further optimization in progress)
 - Impedances and Wakes are calculated for vacuum chamber.
Redesign (magnets gap minimization, magnets design change, chamber adv. materials, etc.). A smaller vacuum chamber and NEG coating is under consideration.

First Phase – AREAL linear accelerator

- Low energy, variable length, ultrashort pulses, under operation
- Experiments in several disciplines
- Consideration of User Community Establishment
- International collaborations on CANDLE and AREAL machines + Experiments

Future Accelerators and Light Sources

- Participating in developments and ongoing researches of miniature (on-chip) accelerators and alternative radiation sources

Thank you and Welcome to Armenia

